

## Math 115B Homework 8

- 1) Express each rational number as a finite (simple) continued fraction.
  - a)  $\frac{43}{30}$
  - b)  $\frac{30}{43}$
  - c)  $\frac{55}{34}$
  - d)  $\frac{64}{391}$
- 2) Express each continued fraction as a rational number  $\frac{a}{b}$ .
  - a)  $[4, 3, 2, 1]$
  - b)  $[0, 4, 3, 2, 1]$
  - c)  $[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]$
  - d)  $[5, 4, 6, 3, 7]$
- 3) Prove that every rational number is expressible as a finite simple continued fraction in exactly two ways.
- 4) Find all the convergents for the continued fractions in problem 2. Verify that their ordering satisfies Theorem 12.11.
- 5) Express each real number as an infinite simple continued fraction.
  - a)  $\sqrt{7}$
  - b)  $\sqrt{11}$
  - c)  $\sqrt{13}$
  - d)  $\sqrt{17}$
- 6) Find the first five convergents of the simple continued fraction expansion of each real number.
  - a)  $\sqrt[3]{2}$
  - b)  $\pi$
  - c)  $e^2$
  - d)  $\pi e$
- 7) Let  $\alpha$  be a real irrational number, and let  $p_i/q_i$  for  $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$  be the convergents of the

infinite continued fraction expansion of  $\alpha$ . Prove that

$$\left| \alpha - \frac{p_i}{q_i} \right| < \frac{1}{q_i^2}$$

8) Find the quadratic irrational number associated with the continued fraction expansion  $[1, 2, \overline{3, 4}]$ .

9) Let  $n$  be a positive integer. Prove that the period length of the infinite continued fraction expansion of  $\sqrt{n}$  is 1 if and only if  $n = m^2 + 1$  for some integer  $m$ .

10) How difficult was this homework? How long did it take?