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**Mini-Quiz # 8**  
MAT-022A-Summer Session II (8/26/09)

You have 15 minutes. You may only use a pencil (or pen) and scrap paper. You must show all your work carefully.

1. Do the matrices  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  span  $V = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & c \end{bmatrix} \mid \text{where } a, b, c \text{ are any real numbers} \right\}$  = the vector space of all  $2 \times 2$  upper triangular matrices? (5 points)

**Solution:**

Given an upper triangular matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ 0 & z \end{bmatrix}$ , if we want to express it as the linear combination of the given three matrices, we must have the following:

$$a \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + c \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a+b-c & a+2b \\ 0 & a+3b+c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ 0 & z \end{bmatrix}$$

i.e.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -1 & a \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & b \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & c \end{array} \right].$$

Putting the above in reduced echelon form, we have the following

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 1 & b-a \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c+a-2b \end{array} \right] = 0.$$

It is impossible to have  $0 = c + a - 2b$  for arbitrary  $(a, b, c)$ , therefore the given three matrices do not span  $V$ .

2. Are  $t^3 - t + 1$ ,  $t^3 + t - 1$ ,  $2t^3$  linearly independent in  $P_3$ ? (5 points)

**Solution:**

Notice the linear combination of the three polynomials equal to

$$a(t^3 - t + 1) + b(t^3 + t - 1) + c(2t^3).$$

if they are linearly independent, we must have

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow (a, b, c) = (0, 0, 0)$$

But this is impossible since the row reduced echelon form of the system  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

which has non trivial solution,so they are not linearly independent.