## Problem Set 2: Math 206 Spring Quarter, 2011

**1.** Prove that the unit open ball in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,

$$B = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 < 1\},\$$

cannot be expressed as a countable disjoint union of open rectangles.

**2.** Prove that every open subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is an  $F_{\sigma}$  and every closed subset is a  $G_{\delta}$ .

**3.** Define the outer Jordan content  $\overline{\kappa}(E)$  and inner Jordan content  $\underline{\kappa}(E)$  of a set  $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  by

$$\overline{\kappa}(E) = \inf\left\{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \mu(R_i) : \bigcup_{i=1}^{N} R_i \supset E, R_i \in \mathcal{R}(\mathbb{R}^n) \text{ almost disjoint}\right\},\$$
$$\underline{\kappa}(E) = \sup\left\{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \mu(R_i) : E \supset \bigcup_{i=1}^{N} R_i, R_i \in \mathcal{R}(\mathbb{R}^n) \text{ almost disjoint}\right\},\$$

where we use *finite* collections of almost disjoint rectangles.

(a) If  $G \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is open and  $K \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is compact, show that

$$\underline{\kappa}(G) = \mu(G), \qquad \overline{\kappa}(K) = \mu(K),$$

where  $\mu$  denotes Lebesgue measure.

(b) A set  $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is Jordan measurable if  $\overline{\kappa}(E) = \underline{\kappa}(E)$ . Give an example of a subset of [0, 1] that is Lebesgue measurable but not Jordan measurable.

**4.** Let A be a measurable subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  with  $\mu(A) > 0$ . Show that for every  $0 < \alpha < 1$  there is an open interval I such that

$$\mu(A \cap I) \ge \alpha \mu(I).$$

HINT. Choose an open set  $U \supset A$  such that  $\alpha \mu(U) \leq \mu(A)$ , write U as a countable disjoint union of open intervals, and show that one of them has the desired property.