PROBLEM SET 7 Math 207B, Winter 2016 Due: Mon, Mar. 14

1. (a) Use separation of variables to find the eigenvalues λ and eigenfunctions u(x, y) of the Dirichlet Laplacian on the unit square that satisfy

$$-(u_{xx} + u_{yy}) = \lambda u \qquad 0 < x < 1, \ 0 < y < 1$$
$$u(x, 0) = 0, \quad u(x, 1) = 0 \qquad 0 \le x \le 1$$
$$u(0, y) = 0, \quad u(1, y) = 0 \qquad 0 \le y \le 1.$$

(b) What is the smallest eigenvalue that is not a simple eigenvalue?

2. (a) Let
$$\vec{x} = (x, y), \, \vec{\xi} = (\xi, \eta), \, \text{and} \, \vec{\xi^*} = (\xi, -\eta) \text{ where } \eta > 0.$$
 Show that

$$G(\vec{x}, \vec{\xi}) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \log \left(\frac{|\vec{x} - \vec{\xi}|}{|\vec{x} - \vec{\xi^*}|} \right)$$

is the solution of

$$-(G_{xx} + G_{yy}) = \delta(\vec{x} - \vec{\xi}) \quad \text{in } -\infty < x < \infty, \ y > 0$$
$$G(\vec{x}, \vec{\xi}) = 0 \quad \text{on } y = 0.$$

(b) Write down the Green's function representation for the solution u(x, y) of the Dirichlet problem for the Laplacian in the upper half plane

$$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0 \quad \text{in } -\infty < x < \infty, \ y > 0$$
$$u(x, 0) = f(x).$$

You can assume that $u(x, y) \to 0$ sufficiently rapidly as $|(x, y)| \to \infty$. (c) Use the Green's function representation to show that

$$u(x,y) = \frac{y}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{f(t)}{(x-t)^2 + y^2} \, dt.$$