

Math 16B
Kouba
Differentiating the Natural Logarithm

FACT : $\lim_{k \rightarrow 0} (1 + k)^{1/k} = e \approx 2.71828$

Let $f(x) = \ln x$. Then

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(x+h) - \ln(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \ln \left(\frac{x+h}{x} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \ln \left(\frac{x}{x} + \frac{h}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{h}}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \ln \left[\left(1 + \frac{h}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{h/x}} \right]^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$= \ln \left[e \right]^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x} .$$

RULE : $D\{\ln x\} = \frac{1}{x}$

CHAIN RULE : $D\{\ln f(x)\} = \frac{1}{f(x)} \cdot f'(x)$