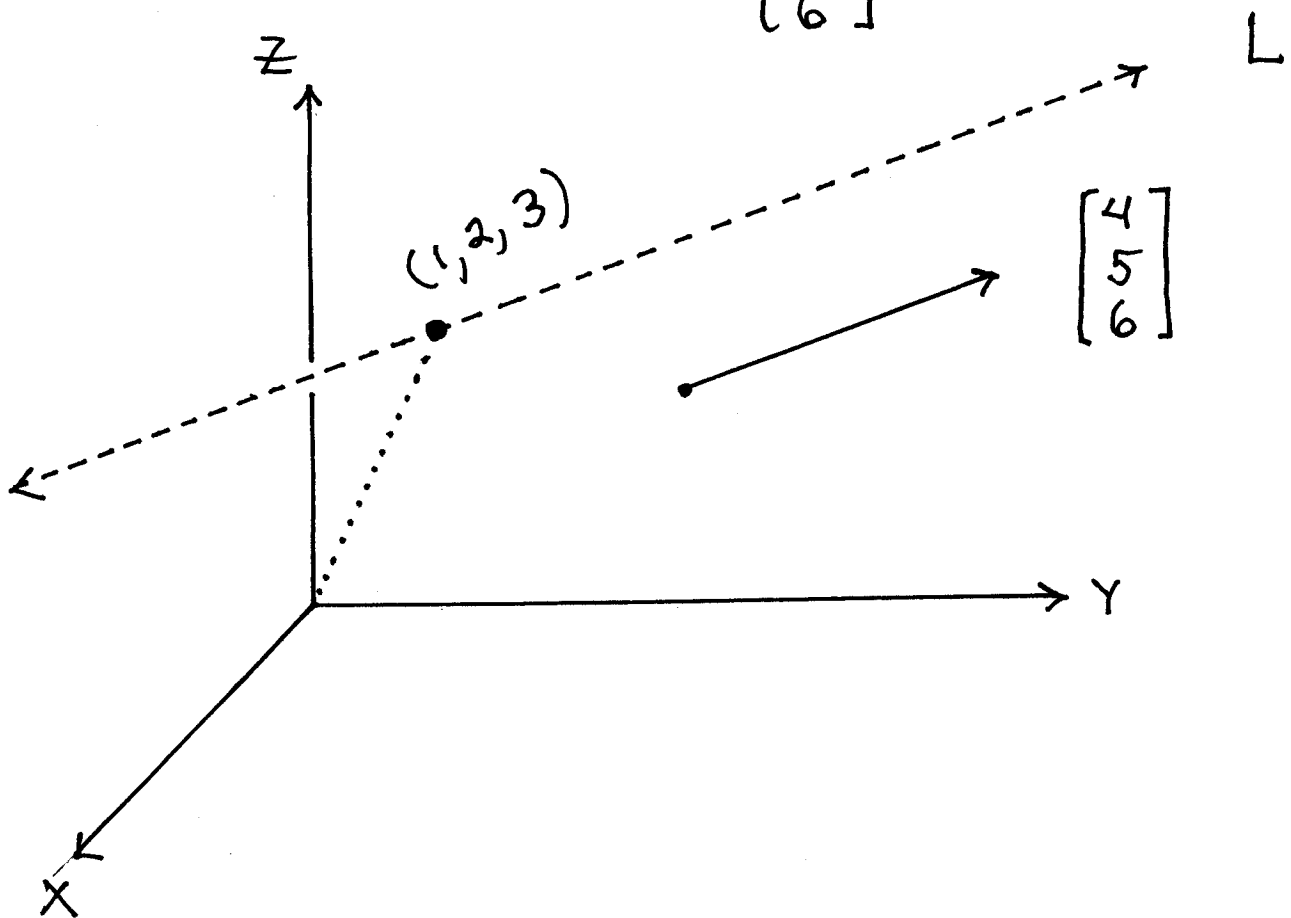


Creating Representations
(Vector Form and Parametric Form)
for a Line in $\mathbb{R}^3$

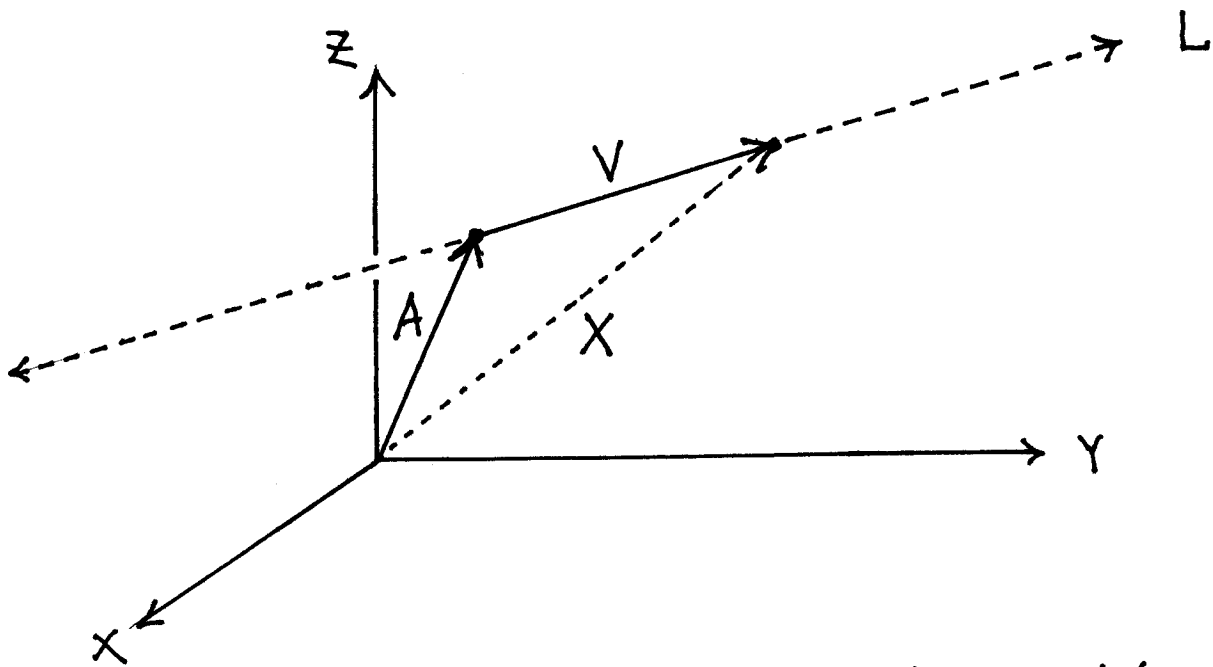
Example: Determine the parametric form of a line L passing through point $(1, 2, 3)$ and parallel to (in the direction of) vector $V = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$:



Start by forming vector A from point $(0,0,0)$ to point $(1,2,3)$, i.e.,

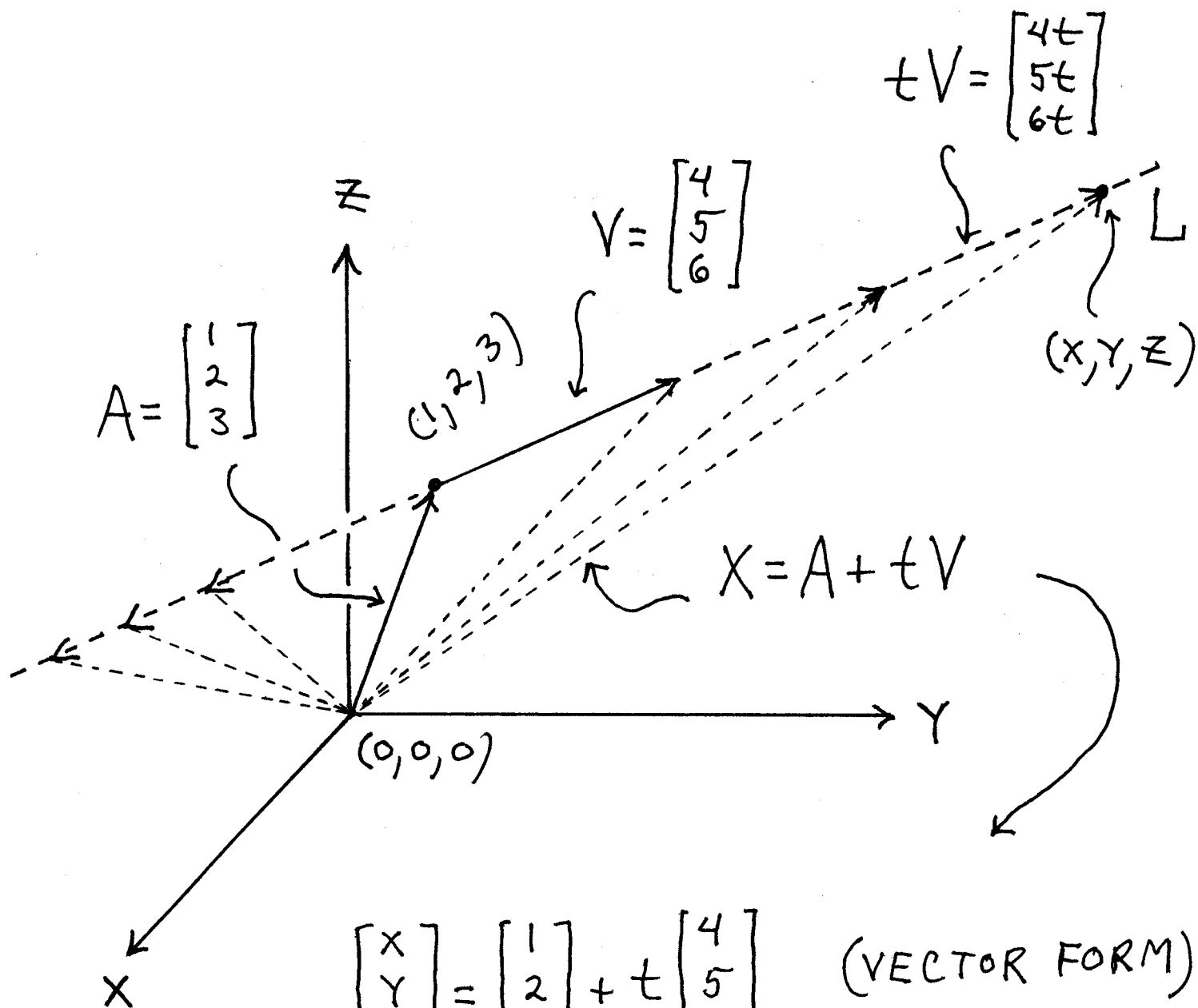
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1-0 \\ 2-0 \\ 3-0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and attaching vector}$$

V to the tip of vector A . Now consider the vector $X = A + V$:



Now consider multiples tV of V and let (x,y,z) be a random variable point at the tip of vector tV . Form vector X from point $(0,0,0)$ to point (x,y,z) , i.e.,

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x-0 \\ y-0 \\ z-0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}. \text{ We have that :}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (\text{VECTOR FORM})$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4t \\ 5t \\ 6t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+4t \\ 2+5t \\ 3+6t \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

$$L: \begin{cases} x = 1 + 4t \\ y = 2 + 5t \\ z = 3 + 6t \end{cases} \quad (\text{PARAMETRIC FORM})$$