

Supplemental Trig Problems

ST1.) Determine the indicated limit.

$$a.) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{4 \cos x + 5}{3 \sin x + 2}$$

$$b.) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$c.) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \tan x$$

$$d.) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+} \tan x$$

$$e.) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x}$$

$$f.) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 2x - 1}{\cos x - 1}$$

ST2.) Show that $y = \tan x$ is an increasing function for $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.

ST3.) Find all relative and absolute extrema for

$$a.) f(x) = \sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x \text{ on } [0, 2\pi]$$

$$b.) f(x) = \sin^2 x \text{ on } [0, 4\pi]$$

ST4.) Find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of $x^3 + \sin y = y^2 + 7x$ at the point $(0, 0)$.

ST5.) Find the slope of the line perpendicular to the graph of $(x + \tan y)^2 = 8 + \sin(xy)$ at the point $(2, \frac{\pi}{4})$.

ST6.) Differentiate $y = \sin^3(\tan^2(3x))$.