

① FIND AN EQUATION OF THE TANGENT LINE TO THE GRAPH OF $f(x) = 5\ln x + 8\sqrt{x}$ AT THE POINT $(1, f(1))$.

② FIND THE RELATIVE EXTREMA OF $f(x) = x^2 (\ln x)^2$.

DIFFERENTIATE THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS:

③ $y = \ln(e^{5x} + 2^x)$

④ $y = \log_2(\cos 3x + \tan \sqrt{x})$

* ⑤ $y = \ln(\ln x)$

⑥ $y = \frac{(\ln 8x)^3}{x^2}$

* ⑦ $y = \ln(\sin^5 2x)$

⑧ $y = \cot(5^{x^2})$

* ⑨ $y = \ln(x + \sqrt{4+x^2})$

* ⑩ $y = \ln(\sec x)$

* ⑪ $y = \ln(\sec x + \tan x)$

⑫ $y = \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{x}(e^{2x}+7)^5}{3\sqrt{x}(5x+8)^9}\right)$

⑬ $y = (e^{4x} + x^2)^{5x}$

⑭ $y = (x^4 + 3^x)^{\log_5 x}$

⑮ $y = 3^{1/x} x^{\sqrt{x}}$

* (SIMPLIFY YOUR ANSWER.)

⑯ IF $f(x) = \ln x$, USE THE DEFINITION OF THE DERIVATIVE AS A LIMIT TO FIND $f'(x)$.