## 229A: Numerical Methods in Linear Algebra Homework 4 (LAST ONE!): due 3/14/02

Problem 1: Solve Exercise 12.3

- **Problem 2:** Solve Exercise 13.3 [For older print of the text, there is a typo. The range of x should be  $1.920, 1.921, \ldots, 2.080$  intead of  $-1.920, -1.919, \ldots, 2.080$ . I think the newer print of the text corrected this typo already.]
- Problem 3: Solve Exercise 14.1
- Problem 4: Solve Exercise 15.1

**Problem 5:** Solve Exercise 16.2

Problem 6: [The Normal Error Model and Weighted Least Squares]

Suppose that you have the following system:

$$d = Gm + \epsilon$$
,

where  $d \in \mathbb{R}^m$  is a given data vector (measurement),  $m \in \mathbb{R}^n$  is a model you want to infer from the data, and  $G \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  describes this measurement system with  $m \ge n$ . Suppose the measurement error  $\epsilon \in \mathbb{R}^m$  obeys a multivariate normal distribution with mean 0 and covariance matrix  $\Sigma$ , i.e., its probability density function (pdf) is written as:

$$p(\boldsymbol{\epsilon}) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{m/2} |\Sigma|^{1/2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\epsilon}^* \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\epsilon}\}.$$

- (a) Using the maximum likelihood method, derive the optimal solution  $\widehat{m}_{ML}$ . Recall that the maximum likelihood method seeks the maximizer of the likelihood function (= the pdf viewed as a function of the parameters m given data d). In this case, the minimizer of the likelihood function is the same as that of the log of the likelihood function (called log-likelihood function).
- (b) Determine the probability distribution of the solution  $\widehat{m}_{ML}$ . [Hint: The answer is another multivariate normal distribution. What is the mean and covariance of  $\widehat{m}_{ML}$ ?]