## Homework Set Six: Eigenvalues

**Directions**: Submit your solutions to the Homework at the **beginning** of lecture on **Friday**, **November 6, 2009**.

## Calculational Exercises

Do Problem 1 and 2(a),(b).

1. Let  $T \in \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{F}^2, \mathbb{F}^2)$  be defined by

$$T(u,v) = (v,u)$$

for every  $u, v \in \mathbb{F}$ . Compute the eigenvalues and associated eigenvectors for T.

2. Find eigenvalues and associated eigenvectors for the linear operators on  $\mathbb{F}^2$  defined by each given  $2 \times 2$  matrix.

(a) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 10 & -9 \\ 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  (c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 

(d) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (e)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  (f)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

**Hint**: Use the fact that, given a matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^{2 \times 2}$ ,  $\lambda \in \mathbb{F}$  is an eigenvalue for A if and only if  $(a - \lambda)(d - \lambda) - bc = 0$ .

## **Proof-Writing Exercises**

- 1. Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space over  $\mathbb{F}$  with  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V, V)$ , and let  $U_1, \ldots, U_m$  be subspaces of V that are invariant under T. Prove that  $U_1 + \cdots + U_m$  must then also be an invariant subspace of V under T.
- 2. Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space over  $\mathbb{F}$ , and suppose that the linear operator  $P \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  has the property that  $P^2 = P$ . Prove that  $V = \text{null}(P) \oplus \text{range}(P)$ .