

Math 127C Homework 1 (first two parts), Spring 2021

Due: Friday, May 12

First Part

- (1) (Triangle Inequality) [Exercise 1.1.(b)] Prove that

$$\|\vec{x} + \vec{y}\| \leq \|\vec{x}\| + \|\vec{y}\|.$$

[Hint: Compute $\langle \vec{x} + \vec{y}, \vec{x} + \vec{y} \rangle$ and apply the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality which says that $\langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle \leq \|\vec{x}\| \|\vec{y}\|$.]

- (2) (Matrix supremum norm)[Exercise 1.2] If A is an r by m matrix and B is an m by c matrix show that

$$|AB| \leq m|A||B|.$$

- (3) (Theorem 18.3) Find a shortest sequence of type (2) and type (3) elementary row operations which have the effect of switching the first two rows of a matrix. Show that there is no such sequence using only type (2) operations.
- (4) (Theorem 1.6) Prove that if B is the matrix obtained by applying an elementary row operation to A , then

$$\text{rank } B = \text{rank } A.$$

Second Part

- (5) (Inverse via Row Operations)[Exercise 1.2.ab]

(a) Let A be an n by n matrix of rank n . By applying elementary row operations to A , one can reduce A to the identity matrix. Show that by applying the same operations in the same order to the identity matrix one obtains the matrix A^{-1} .

(b) Calculate A^{-1} by the above method if

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (6) (Block Determinant)[Exercise 1.2.6] Show that if

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}$$

is a block matrix for which A , D and M are square then $\det M = (\det A)(\det D)$.

Hint: First show that

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = M.$$

- (7) removed. It was the same as problem 4.