

1.) Graph each of the following equations in two-dimensional space.

$$\begin{array}{lllll} \text{a.) } y = 3 & \text{b.) } x = -2 & \text{c.) } y = x & \text{d.) } y = 3 - x & \text{e.) } y = x^3 \\ \text{f.) } y = e^x & \text{g.) } y = \ln x & \text{h.) } y = \sqrt{x} & \text{i.) } x = y^2 & \text{j.) } y = \frac{1}{x} \end{array}$$

2.) Sketch the level curves for each of the following equations (surfaces) using the following values of z : -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3

$$\text{a.) } z = y \quad \text{b.) } z = 1 - x - y \quad \text{c.) } z^2 = x^2 + y^2 \quad \text{d.) } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$$

3.) Sketch all three coordinate plane traces (i.e., $x = 0$, $y = 0$, and $z = 0$) for each of the following equations (surfaces).

$$\text{a.) } x + 2y + 3z = 6 \quad \text{b.) } z = x^2 + y^2 \quad \text{c.) } z = y^2 - x^2 \quad \text{d.) } z^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

4.) Sketch in three-dimensional space each of the following equations (surfaces). Use intercepts, traces, and/or level curves, if necessary.

$$\begin{array}{lllll} \text{a.) } y = 3 & \text{b.) } x = -2 & \text{c.) } y = x & \text{d.) } y = 3 - x & \text{e.) } y = x^3 \\ \text{f.) } y = e^x & \text{g.) } y = \ln x & \text{h.) } y = \sqrt{x} & \text{i.) } x = y^2 & \text{j.) } y = \frac{1}{x} \\ \text{k.) } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4 & \text{l.) } x + 2y + 3z = 6 & \text{m.) } z = x^2 + y^2 & \text{n.) } z^2 = x^2 + y^2 \\ \text{o.) } z^2 = x^2 + y^2 - 1 & \text{p.) } z^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 1 & \text{q.) } z = y^2 - x^2 \end{array}$$

5.) a.) Consider the graph of $y = \ln(x - 1)$ in the xy -plane. Find an equation for the surface created by revolving this graph about the

$$\text{i.) } x\text{-axis .} \quad \text{ii.) } y\text{-axis .}$$

b.) Consider the graph of $z = \sin x$ in the xz -plane. Find an equation for the surface created by revolving this graph about the

$$\text{i.) } x\text{-axis .} \quad \text{ii.) } z\text{-axis .}$$

6.) Determine and sketch the domain of each function in 2D-Space and find the range of each function.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{a.) } z = 1 + x^2 + y^2 & \text{b.) } z = 1 - x^2 - y^2 \\ \text{c.) } z = 1 - x^2 + y^2 & \text{d.) } z = 1 - x - y \\ \text{e.) } f(x, y) = \sqrt{1 - x - y} & \text{f.) } f(x, y) = \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2} \\ \text{g.) } f(x, y) = 5 + e^{-x^2-y^2} & \text{h.) } f(x, y) = 3 - \sqrt{y - \ln x} \\ \text{i.) } z = 3 \cos x + 4 \sin y & \text{j.) } z = 2 - 5 \sin(\ln y) \end{array}$$

$$\text{k.) } z = \ln(25 - x^2 - y^2) \quad \text{l.) } f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 + y^2 - 25)$$

$$\text{m.) } f(x, y) = \frac{7}{x^2 - y} \quad \text{n.) } f(x, y) = \frac{7}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\text{o.) } f(x, y) = \frac{8}{2 + \sqrt{x - 2y}} \quad \text{p.) } f(x, y) = \frac{8}{2 - \ln(x + y)}$$

7.) Determine and sketch the domain of each function in 2D-Space.

$$\text{a.) } f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 + y^2 - 4) \quad \text{b.) } f(x, y) = \ln(1 + x + y)$$

$$\text{c.) } f(x, y) = \frac{1}{4 - \sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}} \quad \text{d.) } f(x, y) = \sqrt{(x^2 - 4)(y^2 - 1)}$$

***** The following problem is for recreational purposes only. *****

8.) A snail is at the bottom of a well which is 100 feet deep. Each day the snail climbs up 7 feet and down 5 feet. In how many days will the snail reach the top of the well ?