MAT 249, 2021, Day 1, Finite Groups

- (1) Fall 2020 Problem 4:
 - (a) Let G be a finite group, and let H be a normal subgroup of G. Let P be a p-Sylow subgroup of H, and let K be the normalizer of P in G. Establish the equality G = HK.
 - (b) Let G be a group of order 120, and let H ⊂ G be a subgroup of order 24. Suppose that there is at least one left coset of H in G (other than H itself) that is also a right coset of H in G. Prove that H is a normal subgroup of G.
- (2) Fall 2019 Problem 1: Let $G = GL_3(\mathbb{F}_3)$ be the general inear group of 3×3 matrices over a finite field \mathbb{F}_3 .
 - (a) Show that there is no element $x \in G$ with order 27. (This corrects an error in the original.)
 - (b) How many subgroups of order 27 does G have?
- (3) Fall 2017 Problem 6: Prove that if p is a prime number, then every group G with p^2 elements is abelian.
- (4) **Fall 2016 Problem 2:** Let G be a finite group that acts transitively on a set X of cardinality ≥ 2 . Show that there exists an element $g \in G$ which acts on X without any fixed points. Is the same true if G is infinite?
- (5) Fall 2015 Problem 1: Let G be a finite group such that all Sylow subgroups of G are normal and abelian. Show that G is abelian.
- (6) Fall 2015 Problem 2: For a finite group G define the subset $G^2 = \{g^2 : g \in G\}$. Is it true that G^2 is always a subgroup?
- (7) Fall 2014 Problem 2: Show that every subgroup of index equal to the smallest prime dividing the order of a group is normal.
- (8) Fall 2013 Problem 4: Let G be a group with an odd number of elements that has a normal subgroup N with 17 elements. Show that N lies in the center of G.