

**THEORY OF NUMBERS, Math 115 B**  
**Homework**

1. For which positive integers  $a$  is the congruence  $ax^4 \equiv 2 \pmod{13}$  solvable?
2. Let  $p$  be an odd prime. Show that the congruence  $x^4 \equiv -1 \pmod{p}$  has a solution if and only if  $p$  is of the form  $8k + 1$ .
3. Using the previous exercise prove that there are infinitely many primes of the form  $8k + 1$ .
4. Use the index system modulo 60 to find the solutions of  $11x^7 \equiv 43 \pmod{60}$ .
5. Encrypt the message DO NOT PASS GO using the ElGamal cryptosystem with the public-key  $(p, r, b) = (2251, 6, 33)$ . Show how the resulting ciphertext can be decrypted using the private key  $a=13$ .
6. Find all the quadratic residues of the following integers: a) 7, b) 8, c) 15, d) 18.
7. Find the values of the Legendre symbols  $\left(\frac{j}{5}\right)$  for  $j = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$
8. Show that there are infinitely many primes of the form  $4k + 1$ .
9. What is the law of quadratic reciprocity?
10. Evaluate the Legendre symbols of  $\left(\frac{3}{53}\right)$   $\left(\frac{111}{991}\right)$   $\left(\frac{31}{641}\right)$
11. Show that there are infinitely many primes of the form  $5k + 4$ .
12. Find the solution to the following quadratic congruence  $x^2 + 5x + 1 \equiv 0 \pmod{7}$ .