

(j.t. w/ Goursky - Wedrich)

① A-algebra $Z(A) \subset G \subset A/\langle A, A \rangle$
 center center

v.s. only

If A is s/s f.d. $\Rightarrow Z(A) \rightarrow A \rightarrow A/\langle A, A \rangle$ is iso
 char = 0

D_n - Hecke alg. for $S_n / \mathbb{Q}(q)$ is semisimple and

$Z(D_n) \cong$ deg n symm. functions

iff

$D_n / [D_n, D_n]$

Caj [GNR] \exists pair of adjoint functors (F, G)

$K^b(SBim_n) \xrightleftharpoons[F]{G} "D^b(\text{Hilb}^n \mathbb{C}^2)"$

categorifying relationship between D_n and $Z(D_n)$

$D_n \xrightleftharpoons[\text{inclusion}]{\text{projection}} Z(D_n)$

Goal: Introduce dg version of catfd cocenter & apply to $K^b(SBim_n)$. (Studied by Ben-Zvi-Nadler).

② Horizontal trace (catfd cocenter)

$\mathcal{C} = k$ -linear cat-y, \oplus, \otimes .

Morphisms: Depicted using diagrams

$f \circ g = \begin{array}{c} \boxed{f} \\ \downarrow \\ \boxed{g} \end{array}$

$f \otimes g = \begin{array}{c} \boxed{f} \quad \boxed{g} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \boxed{\quad} \quad \boxed{\quad} \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow Y \\ \boxed{f} \\ \downarrow X \end{array}$ denote $f: X \rightarrow Y$

$$f \circ g = \begin{array}{c} \boxed{f} \\ | \\ \boxed{g} \end{array} \quad f \otimes g = \begin{array}{c} \boxed{f} \quad \boxed{g} \\ | \quad | \\ \boxed{\quad} \quad \boxed{\quad} \end{array} \quad \text{1x}$$

Roughly speaking, horizontal trace diagram in a cylinder

$hTr(\mathcal{C})$

Objects: Same as \mathcal{C}

Diagram $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Cylinder with } f \text{ on } X \text{ and } Y \\ \text{with } z \in \mathcal{C} \end{array} \right\} \cong \bigoplus_{z \in \mathcal{C}} \text{Hom}(z \otimes X, Y \otimes z)$

Claim (Slight lie)

$$\overline{X \otimes Y} \cong \overline{Y \otimes X} \text{ in } hTr$$

(from now on, \bar{X} denotes an object in hTr)

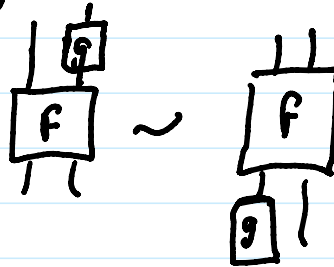


w/relations

$$(Id \otimes g) \circ f \sim f \circ (g \otimes Id)$$

$$f: Z \otimes X \rightarrow Y \otimes Z'$$

$$g: Z \rightarrow Z', \text{ i.e.}$$

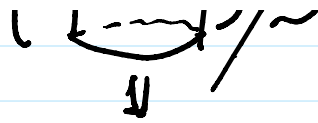


Invertible when Y is dualizable

$$\text{End}_{hTr(\mathcal{C})}(\bar{Y}) = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Cylinder with } f \text{ on } Y \\ \text{with } z \in \mathcal{C} \end{array} \right\} / \sim \cong \bigoplus_{z \in \mathcal{C}} \text{End}_{\mathcal{C}}(z) / \sim$$

↑
vertical trace

vertical trace
 $vTr(\mathcal{C})$
 $= HH_0(\mathcal{C})$



$f \circ g = g \circ f$

$hTr(\mathcal{C}) = \text{Cat-y.}$

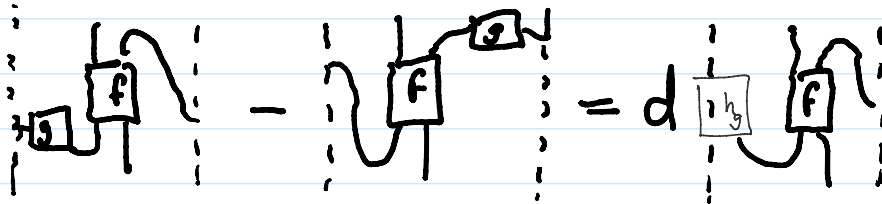
$vTr(\mathcal{C}) = \text{algebra}$

E.g. $\mathcal{C} = \mathcal{S}Bim_n$ or $K^b(\mathcal{S}Bim_n)$

Want a version of trace where relations are only satisfied up to homotopy.

③ Derived Versions

Mantra Replace relations by homotopies "living at the seam"



Def $hTr^{dg}(\mathcal{C})$ has objects $Ob(\mathcal{C})$, morphisms $\bar{X} \rightarrow \bar{Y}$

$$\bigoplus_{r=0}^{\infty} \bigoplus_{z_0, \dots, z_r \in \mathcal{C}} \text{Hom}(z_0, z_1) \otimes \dots \otimes \text{Hom}(z_{r-1}, z_r) \otimes \text{Hom}(z_r \otimes X, Y \otimes z_0) [r]$$

cohomological degree \rightarrow

w/cyclic bar differential, that starts or follows

$$\bigoplus_{Z_0, Z_1} \text{Hom}(Z_0, Z_1) \otimes \text{Hom}(Z, X, YZ_0) \longrightarrow \bigoplus \text{Hom}(Z_0, X, YZ_1)$$

Morphisms don't just slide thru the seam! It costs a homotopy

Link $H(\text{End}_{\text{hTr}^{\text{dg}}(\mathcal{C})}(\mathbb{1})) \cong \text{HH}_0(\mathcal{C})$, an algebra

Ex $\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{B}$, $A = \text{End}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{1})$ commutative (Eckmann-Hilton)
 $\text{HH}_*(A)$ is an algebra via shuffle product

④ $\text{hTr}^{\text{dg}}(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}_n)$

Thm (Gorsky-H-Wedrich)

$$\text{HH}_*(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}_n) \cong (\mathbb{Q}\langle x_1, \dots, x_n \rangle \otimes \Lambda\langle \theta_1, \dots, \theta_n \rangle) \rtimes \mathbb{Q}\langle S_n \rangle$$

Found!

$$\cong \text{REnd}(\text{Springer sheaf})$$

$$\cong H^*(\text{Steinberg}) (\text{?})$$

Homotopy that slides γ_i around cylinder (see below)
 $\text{HHdeg} = 1$

$$d\left(\begin{smallmatrix} \vdots \\ \boxed{h_i} \\ \vdots \end{smallmatrix}\right) = x_i \begin{smallmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{smallmatrix} - \begin{smallmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{smallmatrix} x_i$$

Conj $\text{hTr}^{\text{dg}}(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}) = \text{pqr}$ -re dg-mod. over

$$\bar{X} \longmapsto \text{Hom}_{\text{hTr}^{\text{dg}}}(\mathbb{1}, \bar{X}) \cong \text{End}(\mathbb{1})$$

$$\bar{X} \mapsto \text{Hom}_{h\text{Tr}^{\text{dg}}}(\mathbb{I}, \bar{X}) \supset \text{End}(\mathbb{I})$$

Note Underived statements are known

$$\text{HH}_0(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}_n) \cong \mathbb{Q}[x_2, \dots, x_n] \rtimes S_n \quad (\text{Elias-Lauda})$$

$$h\text{Tr}(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}_n) \cong \text{proj-vc modules over } \mathbb{Q} \quad (\text{Queffelec-Rose})$$

Idea of proof $\text{HH}_*(\mathcal{C}) \cong \text{HH}_*(\text{Ch}^{\text{dg}}(\mathcal{C}))$

↑
Can be calculated via
semi-orth. dec.

$\text{Ch}(\mathcal{C})$ generated by $\mathcal{B}_i \in \mathcal{C}$ with $\text{hom}(X, Y) \cong 0$ unless
 $X \in \mathcal{B}_i, Y \in \mathcal{B}_j, i \leq j$.

For $\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}$, $\text{Ch}^k(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim})$ are gen-d by $\bigoplus_{w \in S_n} \text{Ran}(w)$

$$\Rightarrow \text{HH}_*(\mathbb{S}\text{Bim}) = \bigoplus_w \text{HH}_*(\langle \text{Ran}(w) \rangle)$$

semi-orth. w.r.t
Twhat

$$\langle \text{Ran}(w) \rangle \cong R\text{-gmod}$$

So at least vect. sp. dec. is clear.