

1. Determine whether the following statements are true or false. (No work required) (18 points)

(a) The linear combination  $a \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  fills a line.  $a$  and  $b$  are real numbers.

(b) The vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  are orthogonal.

(c)  $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$  is a solution to  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ .

(d) If  $A$  is an  $k \times n$  matrix and  $B$  is an  $n \times \ell$  matrix, then  $(AB)^T$  is an  $\ell \times k$  matrix.

(e) If  $A$  and  $B$  are symmetric matrices, then  $AB = BA$ .

(f) If the columns of  $A$  are linearly dependent, then  $A$  is invertible.

(g)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1 & - \\ - & \mathbf{a}_2 & - \\ - & \mathbf{a}_3 & - \end{bmatrix}$  produces the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1 & - \\ - & \mathbf{a}_3 & - \\ - & \mathbf{a}_2 & - \end{bmatrix}$ .

(h) The set of  $n \times n$  upper triangular matrices are a subspace of the vector space of  $n \times n$  matrices.

(i) If  $A$  is an  $m \times n$  matrix and  $m < n$ , then  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$  has a nonzero solution.

2. Sketch the column picture and row picture of the following system. (7 points)

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + y &= -1 \\ -x + 2y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

3. Solve the following system using the inverse of the coefficient matrix. (10 points)

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 - 4x_2 - 6x_3 &= 0 \\ x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 &= 4 \\ -2x_1 + 4x_3 &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

4. Find the  $LU$ -decomposition of the coefficient matrix and use back-substitution followed by forward-substitution to solve the following system. (15 points)

$$\begin{aligned} 4x_1 + 2x_2 + -2x_3 &= 4 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 - x_3 &= 6 \\ 3x_1 + x_3 &= -7 \end{aligned}$$

5. Find the nullspace of the following matrix and determine the rank of  $A$ . (10 points)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$