

## MAT 22B Problem Set 1 (Due 8/5)

1. For the following differential equations, plot the direction field, draw some integral curves, and determine what happens to  $y$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ .

(a)  $y' = y(y - 4)$

(b)  $y' = e^{-t} + y$ .

2. The California Delta<sup>1</sup> is fed by the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers. The rivers provide a source of freshwater to the region, and lowered flows from the Sacramento and San Joaquin result in salinity intrusion. Create a model of the salinity in the California Delta, set up an appropriate initial value problem, and solve the initial value problem.

3. Suppose an ice cream sandwich melts at a rate proportional to its surface area. Determine a differential equation for the volume of ice cream at some time  $t$ . When will the ice cream be completely melted?

4. Solve the following initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ay + b, \quad y(0) = y_0$$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are arbitrary constants.

5. Classify the following differential equations.

(a)  $\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} + \sin(t)\frac{dy}{dt} = \cosh(t)$

(b)  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + \cos(x) = 0$

(c)  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)^2 + \sin(x) = 0$ .

(d)  $y^{(4)} + \sin(y) = t^2$

6. Determine whether the given solutions are solutions of the differential equation.

(a)  $y'' + y' - 2y = 0$ ,  $y_1(t) = e^t$ ,  $y_2(t) = e^{-2t}$ ,  $y_3 = c_1 y_1(t) + c_2 y_2(t)$  where  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  are arbitrary constants

(b)  $t^2 y'' - 2y = 0$ ,  $y_1(t) = \frac{1}{t}$ ,  $y_2(t) = t^2$ ,  $y_3 = c_1 y_1(t) + c_2 y_2(t)$  where  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  are arbitrary constants

(c)  $a^2 u_{xx} = u_{tt}$ ,  $u(x, t) = \sin(\lambda x) \cos(a\lambda t)$  where  $\lambda$  and  $a$  are constants

7. Consider the ansatz  $y(t) = e^{rt}$ . Find  $r$  so that  $y$  is a solution to the following differential equations. Note that  $a$  and  $b$  are arbitrary constants. Be careful of special cases.

(a)  $y' + ay = 0$

(b)  $y'' + ay' + by = 0$

(c)  $y^{(4)} + ay'' + by = 0$

8. Consider the ansatz  $y(t) = t^r$ . Find  $r$  so that  $y$  is a solution to the following differential equations for  $t > 0$ . Note that  $a$  and  $b$  are arbitrary constants. Be careful of special cases.

(a)  $ty' + ay = 0$ .

(b)  $t^2 y'' + aty' + by = 0$ .

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<sup>1</sup>[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sacramento-San\\_Joaquin\\_River\\_Delta](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sacramento-San_Joaquin_River_Delta)