

1.) Determine the limit as (x, y) approaches $(0, 0)$ for each of the following.

a.) $f(x, y) = \frac{x^4 - y^4}{x^2 + y^2}$

b.) $f(x, y) = \frac{2xy}{5x^4 + 3y^4}$

c.) $f(x, y) = \frac{x^{3/2} - xy}{x^{3/2} + y^3}$

2.) The two shortest sides of a right triangle are measured as 3 cm. and 4 cm., resp., with a maximum absolute error of 0.02 cm. for each measurement. Use differentials to approximate the maximum absolute error in measuring

- a.) the hypotenuse.
- b.) the area.

3.) Use differentials to approximate the change in $w = r^2 + 3sv + 2p^3$ if r changes from 1 to 1.02, s from 2 to 1.99, v from 4 to 4.01, and p from 3 to 2.97 .

4.) The dimensions of a rectangular room are $9 \times 12 \times 8$ ft. with possible errors of ± 0.01 , ± 0.02 , and ± 0.03 ft., resp. Calculate the length of the long diagonal across the room and the possible error in this measurement.

5.) A rectangular solid has sides of length 1.02, 3.01, and 4.2 cm.

- a.) Compute the volume.
- b.) Use a differential to estimate the volume.

6.) The specific gravity of an object is $s = A / (A - W)$, where A and W are the weights of the object in air and water, resp. If $A = 12$ lbs. and $W = 5$ lbs. with maximum absolute errors of $1/2$ oz. in air and 1 oz. in water, what is the maximum absolute error in the calculated value of s ?

7.) Find dw/dt where $w = \ln(3u + v^2)$, $u = e^{-2t}$, and $v = t^3 - t^2$.

8.) Find $\partial w/\partial t$ and $\partial w/\partial s$ where $w = f(3t^2 - s)$ and $f'(x) = \sin x$.

9.) Find z_x where z satisfies $xy^2 + z^2 + \cos(xyz) = 4$.

10.) Assume that f is a differentiable function with $w = f(ax + by)$, where a and b are constants. Show that

$$a(\partial w/\partial y) = b(\partial w/\partial x).$$

11.) Assume that f is differentiable with $z = xf(xy)$. Show that

$$x \cdot z_x - y \cdot z_y = z.$$

12.) Assume that f and g are twice differentiable functions. Show that $u = f(x + at) + g(x - at)$ satisfies

$$a^2 \cdot \partial^2 u / \partial x^2 = \partial^2 u / \partial t^2,$$

where a is a constant.

13.) Find the critical points and classify each as a relative maximum, relative minimum, or saddle point.

a.) $f(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3y^2$

b.) $f(x, y) = 3x^2 - 6xy + y^2 + 12x - 16y + 1$

c.) $f(x, y) = x^2 - \ln(xy) + y^2$

14.) Find the shortest distance between the planes $2x + 3y - z = 2$ and $2x + 3y - z = 4$.

15.) Find the dimensions of the rectangular parallelepiped of maximum volume that can be inscribed inside the ellipsoid

$$16x^2 + 4y^2 + 9z^2 = 144.$$

16.) Determine the minimum surface area of a closed rectangular box with volume 8 ft.^3

17.) Determine the maximum and minimum values of f on the given region.

a.) $f(x, y) = (x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2$ on the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 4)$, and $(5, 0)$

b.) $f(x, y) = xy$ on the unit circle