

Math 16C

Kouba

Optional Practice Problems– Applications of D.E.'s

EXAMPLE 1: Assume that the outside air temperature T ($^{\circ}F$) at Lake Tahoe is a function of time t (*hrs.*), and that the rate of change of T is directly proportional to the time t . In addition, if $t = 1$ *hr.*, then $T = 25$ $^{\circ}F$ and if $t = 3$ *hrs.*, then $T = 41$ $^{\circ}F$.

- a.) Write an equation for the Differential Equation.
- b.) Solve the Differential Equation.
- c.) Write T explicitly as a function of t .
- d.) What is T if $t = 4$ *hrs.* ?

EXAMPLE 2: Assume that the volume V ($in.^3$) of a weather balloon is a function of pressure x ($lbs./in.^2$), and that the rate of change of V is inversely proportional to the volume V . In addition, if $x = 10$ $lbs./in.^2$, then $V = 40$ $in.^3$, and if $x = 15$ $lbs./in.^2$, then $V = 30$ $in.^3$.

- a.) Write an equation for the Differential Equation.
- b.) Solve the Differential Equation.
- c.) Write V explicitly as a function of x .
- d.) What is V if $x = 18$ $lbs./in.^2$?

Example 1:

a.) $\frac{dT}{dt} = kt$

b.) $\int dT = \int kt dt \rightarrow$

$$T = k \cdot \frac{1}{2} t^2 + C$$

c.) $\begin{cases} t=1, T=25 \\ t=3, T=41 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 25 = \frac{1}{2}k + C \\ 41 = \frac{9}{2}k + C \end{cases}$

$$\rightarrow C = 25 - \frac{1}{2}k \rightarrow (\text{sub}) \rightarrow$$

$$41 = \frac{9}{2}k + (25 - \frac{1}{2}k) = 25 + 4k \rightarrow$$

$$4k = 16 \rightarrow \boxed{k=4} \rightarrow \boxed{C=23} \text{ so}$$

$$\boxed{T = 2t^2 + 23}$$

d.) If $t=4$, then

$$T = 2(4)^2 + 23 = \boxed{55^\circ\text{F}}$$

Example 2 :

$$a.) \frac{dV}{dx} = k \cdot \frac{1}{V}$$

$$b.) \int V dV = \int k dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{2} V^2 = kx + C$$

$$c.) \begin{cases} x=10, V=40 \\ x=15, V=30 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 800 = 10k + C \\ 450 = 15k + C \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow C = 800 - 10k \rightarrow (\text{SUB}) \rightarrow$$

$$450 = 15k + (800 - 10k) \rightarrow$$

$$-350 = 5k \rightarrow \boxed{k = -70} \rightarrow \boxed{C = 1500}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} V^2 = -70x + 1500 \rightarrow$$

$$V^2 = 3000 - 140x \rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{V = \sqrt{3000 - 140x}}$$

d.) If $x = 18$, then

$$V = \sqrt{3000 - 140(18)} = \sqrt{480}$$

$$\approx \boxed{21.9 \text{ in.}^3}$$