

Math 16C

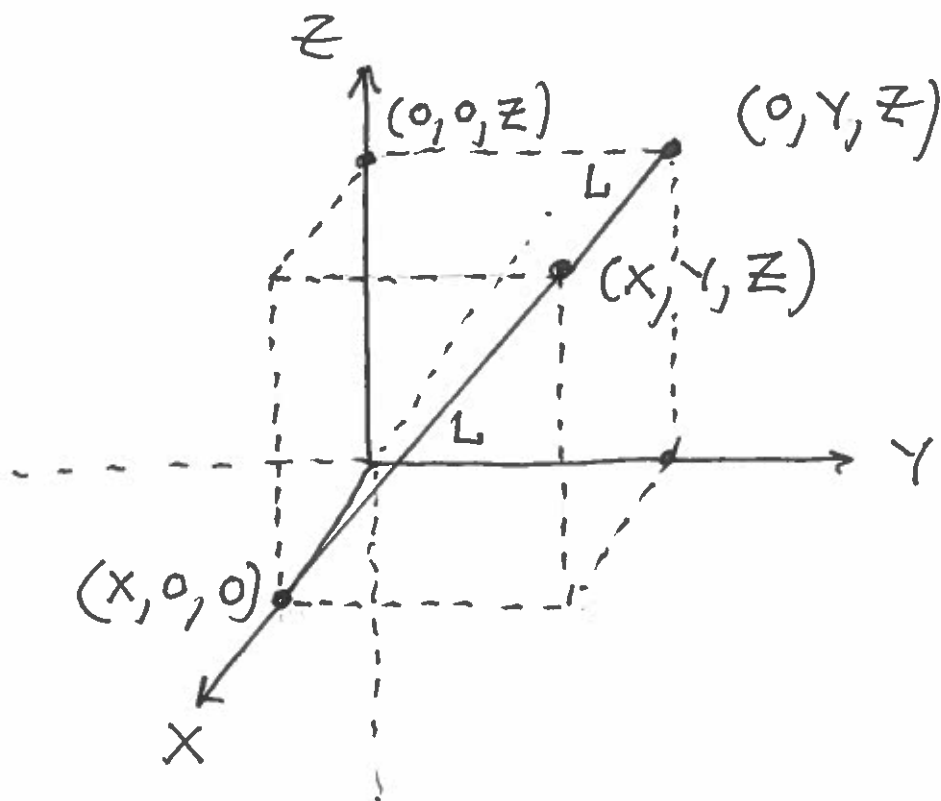
Kouba

## Optional Practice Problems

Ex: Find and simplify an equation for the set of all points  $(x, y, z)$  which are equidistant from

- 1.) pt.  $(0, 0, 0)$  and pt.  $(-1, 2, 0)$ .
- 2.) pt.  $(1, 0, -2)$  and pt.  $(3, 1, 0)$ .
- 3.) pt.  $(1, 0, -1)$  and plane  $Y = -2$ .
- 4.) pt.  $(3, -1, 2)$  and the  $XZ$ -plane.
- 5.) pt.  $(3, 4, 5)$  and the  $x$ -axis.
- 6.) pt.  $(2, 0, -2)$  and the  $z$ -axis.
- 7.) the  $y$ -axis and the plane  $z = 2$ .
- 8.) the  $x$ -axis and the  $YZ$ -plane.

Solution to 8.) :



$$L = L \rightarrow$$

$$\sqrt{(x-x)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (z-0)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-y)^2 + (z-z)^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{y^2 + z^2} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\sqrt{y^2 + z^2} = |x|}$$