

## Section 1.5

1.) a.) T b.) F c.) F d.) F

2.) a.) T b.) T c.) T d.) F

3.) a.) 3 times  
row 2 added to row 1:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

b.)  $-\frac{1}{7}$  times  
row 1:  $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{7} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

c.) 5 times  
row 1 added  
to row 3:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

d.) Switch  
rows 1 and 3:  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

5.) a.)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 5 & -1 \\ 3 & -6 & -6 & -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & -6 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$   
(Switch rows 1 and 2)

b.)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & -4 & -4 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 & 5 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & -4 & -4 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 & 5 & 3 \\ -1 & 9 & 4 & -12 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$

(add -3 times row 2 to row 3.)

$$e.) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 28 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

(Add 4 times row 3 to row 1.)

$$8.) a.) E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad b.) E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c.) E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad d.) E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$9.) a.) \det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = 7 - 8 = -1 \neq 0 \text{ so}$$

$A$  is invertible, then

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & -7 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\text{so } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b.) \det \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = 16 - (16) = 0, \text{ so } A \text{ is NOT invertible.}$$

$$10.) a.) \det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ 3 & -16 \end{bmatrix} = -16 - (-15) = -1 \neq 0$$

so  $A$  is invertible, then



$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & -5 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -16 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & -5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -7 & -3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & 16 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\text{so } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -5 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.)  $\det \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 4 \\ -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = -12 - (-12) = 0$ , so  $A$  is NOT invertible.

$$11.) a.) \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 9 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -5 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 9 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -40 & 16 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 13 & -5 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right], \text{ so } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -40 & 16 & 9 \\ 13 & -5 & -3 \\ 5 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$12.) b.) \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & -\frac{3}{10} & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & -\frac{3}{2} & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 5/2 & -10 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 5/2 & -5 & 0 & 5 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 5/2 & -10 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & -5 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

(row of zeroes) so  $A$  is not invertible.

$$13.) \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right], \text{ so } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 \\ -1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$15.) \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 6 & 6 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 3 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 7/2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7/2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right], \text{ so } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7/2 & 0 & -3 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$18.) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -5 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & -5 & 0 & -2 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -4 & -2 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4/5 & 2/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -4/5 & 3/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4/5 & 2/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -4/5 & 3/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4/5 & 2/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -4/5 & 3/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 \\ 3/2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 4/5 & 2/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$19.) a.) A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/k_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/k_2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/k_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/k_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b.) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} k & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & k & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/k & -1/k & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/k & -1/k \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right], \text{ so } A^{-1} = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 1/k & -1/k & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/k & -1/k \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$20) b.) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & -k^2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -k & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -k^2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -k & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -k^2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & -k^4 & 1 & -k & k^2 & -k^3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & k^3 & 0 & 1 & -k & -k^2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -k^2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/k^4 & 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & k^3 & 0 & 1 & -k & k^2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -k^2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/k^4 & 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/k & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/k^2 & 1/k & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/k & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/k^2 & 1/k & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/k^4 & 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k \end{array} \right] \text{ ) } \text{ so}$$



$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/k & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/k^2 & 1/k & 0 & 0 \\ 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k & 0 \\ -1/k^4 & 1/k^3 & -1/k^2 & 1/k \end{bmatrix}$$

$$21.) \begin{bmatrix} c & c & c \\ 1 & c & c \\ 1 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & c-c^2 \\ 0 & c-1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \left( \text{so } c-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \boxed{c \neq 1} \text{ and } c-c^2 = c(1-c) \neq 0 \text{ so } \boxed{c \neq 0} \right)$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$22.) \begin{bmatrix} c & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & c & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1-c^2-c \\ 1 & c & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & c(c^2-1)-c \\ 1 & 0 & 1-c^2 \\ 0 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c(c^2-1)-c = c(c^2-2) \neq 0, \text{ so } \boxed{c \neq 0} \text{ and } \boxed{c \neq \pm\sqrt{2}})$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

29.) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ a & b & c \end{bmatrix}$ . Show at least one entry in the be an elementary matrix.

third row must be zero. Assume that ALL entries in row 3 are NONZERO (This is a proof by contradiction.) Since  $a \neq 0$ , then  $A$  is created by multiplying the first row of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  by  $a$  and adding it to the 3rd row. Since  $b \neq 0$ , then  $A$  is created by multiplying the 2nd row of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  by  $b$  and adding it to the 3rd row. This contradicts the fact that  $A$  is elementary since TWO operations were applied to  $I$  to create  $A$ . Thus, at least one of  $a, b, c$  is zero!

30.) Consider

$$\text{matrix } A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & c & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d & 0 & e & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & f & 0 & g \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Show that  $A$  is not invertible.



Assume that  $A$  IS invertible.  
 (This is a proof by contradiction.)  
 Thus  $a \neq 0$  and  $h \neq 0$  (to avoid  
 rows of zeroes) and

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & a & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & c & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d & 0 & e & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & f & 0 & g \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & c & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d & 0 & e & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & f & 0 & g \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & c & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & f & 0 & g \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}; \text{ but the row of}$$

zeroes is a  
contradiction

since we assumed  $A$  is invertible.  
 Thus  $A$  is not invertible.

32.) Assume  $A$  is invertible and  
 $B$  is row equivalent to  $A$ . Show  
 $B$  is invertible: Since  $B$  is row  
 equivalent to  $A$ , then

$$B = E_k \cdots E_2 E_1 A, \text{ where}$$

$E_1, E_2, \dots,$  and  $E_k$  are elementary matrices, all of which are invertible. Then  $B$  is invertible with

$$B^{-1} = A^{-1} E_1^{-1} E_2^{-1} \dots E_k^{-1},$$

since

$$\begin{aligned} & B (A^{-1} E_1^{-1} E_2^{-1} \dots E_k^{-1}) \\ &= (E_k \dots E_2 E_1 A) (A^{-1} E_1^{-1} E_2^{-1} \dots E_k^{-1}) \quad (AA^{-1} = I) \\ &= E_k \dots E_2 E_1 \cdot E_1^{-1} E_2^{-1} \dots E_k^{-1} \quad (E_i E_i^{-1} = I) \\ &= E_k \dots E_2 \cdot E_2^{-1} \dots E_k^{-1} \quad (E_2 E_2^{-1} = I) \\ &= \dots = E_k E_k^{-1} = I. \end{aligned}$$

TRUE/FALSE

- (a) F    (b) T    (c) T    (d) T  
(e) T    (f) T    (g) F