CSE 2331 - Problem Set 1 Due lecture on September 4th

Problem numbers are from the third edition of "Introduction to algorithms". If unsure about which problem to solve, ask. Collaboration is permitted; looking for solutions from external sources (books, the web, etc.) is prohibited.

- 1. What is the smallest value of n such that an algorithm whose running time is 100n runs faster than an algorithm whose running time is 2^n on the same machine?
- 2. Illustrate the operation of INSERTION-SORT on the array

$$A = (31, 31, 59, 26, 41, 58).$$

- 3. 2.1-3
- 4. Give the asymptotic complexity (Θ) of each of the following functions in simplest terms and then order the functions by asymptotic dominance. That is, produce a permutation $f_1(n), f_2(n), \ldots$ such that $f_i = O(f_{i+1})$. Note if any two functions are asymptotically equivalent, i.e. if $f_i = \Theta(f_{i+1})$.

(a)
$$f_a(n) = \log_2(n^2 + 7) \log_2(5n^{0.7} + 1)$$

(b)
$$f_b(n) = \sum_{i=1}^{n^3} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^i$$

(c)
$$f_c(n) = 2\log_4(4n + 17)$$

(d)
$$f_d(n) = \sum_{j=1}^{3n} (4j+1)$$

(e)
$$f_e(n) = 3^{16}$$

(f)
$$f_f(n) = 6n^{0.5} + 3n^{0.7}$$

(g)
$$f_g(n) = 6\log_5(n^5 + 3n^3) + 3n^{0.2}$$

(h)
$$f_h(n) = \sqrt{3n^3 + 2n + 74}$$

(i)
$$f_i(n) = 5\log_2(3n^2 + n + 8)$$

(j)
$$f_j(n) = \sqrt{2\log_2(n) + 3 + 7n}$$

(k)
$$f_k(n) = 2n \log_3(2n^3 + 17n + 1)$$

(1)
$$f_l(n) = 2\log_3(n) + \sqrt{2n} + 3n$$