

① LET  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ .

- FIND THE NUMBER OF RELATIONS ON  $A$ .
- FIND THE NUMBER OF FUNCTIONS  $f: A \rightarrow A$ .
- FIND THE NUMBER OF BIJECTIONS  $f: A \rightarrow A$ .
- FIND THE NUMBER OF EQUIVALENCE RELATIONS ON  $A$ .  
[HINT: USE THE IDEAS IN SEC. 3.3.]

② USE THE FOLLOWING STEPS TO PROVE EUCLID'S LEMMA:

LET  $p$  BE A PRIME AND LET  $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  
IF  $p \mid ab$ , THEN  $p \mid a$  OR  $p \mid b$ .

- ASSUME THAT  $p \mid ab$  AND  $p \nmid a$ , WE MUST SHOW THAT  $p \mid b$ .
- LET  $T = \{n \in \mathbb{N} : p \mid nb\}$ .  
SHOW THAT  $a \in T$  AND  $p \in T$ , AND CONCLUDE BY THE WOP  
THAT  $T$  MUST HAVE A LEAST ELEMENT  $c$ .
- USE THE DIVISION ALGORITHM TO SHOW THAT  $c \mid a$  FOR EVERY  $n \in T$ .
- USE THIS FACT TO SHOW THAT  $c = 1$ , AND CONCLUDE THAT  $p \mid b$ .

③ DEFINE  $f: (-1, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  BY  $f(x) = \frac{x}{1-x^2}$ .

SHOW THAT  $f$  IS A BIJECTION.