

① FILL IN THE BLANKS TO PROVIDE EQUIVALENT PROPOSITIONAL FORMS:

A) $P \Rightarrow Q \equiv \underline{\quad} \vee Q$

C) $\sim(P \wedge Q) \equiv P \underline{\quad} (\sim Q)$

B) $\sim(P \vee Q) \equiv (\sim P) \underline{\quad} (\sim Q)$

D) $P \Rightarrow (Q \vee R) \equiv (P \wedge \underline{\quad}) \Rightarrow R$

② LET $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$. PROVE THAT IF $a|b$ AND $a|c$, THEN $a|(b+c)$.

③ LET $n \in \mathbb{Z}$. PROVE THAT IF $(n+5)^2$ IS ODD, THEN n IS EVEN.

④ DEFINE $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$ IFF $(\forall \epsilon) \{ \epsilon > 0 \Rightarrow [(\exists \delta) (\delta > 0 \wedge (\forall x) (0 < |x-a| < \delta \Rightarrow |f(x)-L| < \epsilon))]\}$

FIND A SYMBOLIC DENIAL OF $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$, MOVING THE NEGATION AS FAR TO THE RIGHT AS POSSIBLE.

⑤ LET $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. PROVE THAT IF $x \in \mathbb{Q}$ AND $y \notin \mathbb{Q}$, THEN $x+y \notin \mathbb{Q}$.

⑥ LET $A_n = \left[2 + \frac{1}{n}, 8 + \frac{12}{n} \right) \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$. FIND THE FOLLOWING:

a) $\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n = \underline{\quad}$

b) $\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n = \underline{\quad}$

⑦ LET A, B, C , AND D BE SETS. PROVE THAT IF $A \cup B \subseteq C \cup D$, $A \cap B = \emptyset$, AND $D \subseteq B$, THEN $A \subseteq C$.

⑧ PROVE THAT $3^n > n^3$ FOR ALL INTEGERS $n \geq 4$ USING THE PMI.

⑨ PROVE THAT $\sqrt[5]{3}$ IS IRRATIONAL.

(YOU MAY USE THE RESULT THAT IF p IS PRIME AND $p | m^5$, THEN $p | m$, FOR ANY $m \in \mathbb{N}$.)

⑩ PROVE THAT ANY INTEGER $n \geq 24$ CAN BE WRITTEN IN THE FORM

$$n = 4a + 9b \text{ FOR SOME INTEGERS } a, b \geq 0 \text{ USING THE PSI (OR PMI).}$$

⑪ USE THE WOP TO PROVE THE PMI.