Math 21B-B - Homework Set 5

Section 6.1:

- 1. Problem 2 on page 371.
- 2. Problem 5 on page 371.
- 3. Problem 12 on page 371.
- 4. Problem 15 on page 372.
- 5. Problem 16 on page 372.
- 6. Problem 20 on page 372.
- 7. Problem 29 on page 372.
- 8. Problem 31 on page 372.
- 9. Problem 36 on page 372 .
- 10. Problem 39 on page 372.
- 11. Problem 44 on page 372.
- 12. Problem 51 on page 373.
- 13. Problem 55 on page 373.

Section 6.2

- 1. Problem 1 on page 379.
- 2. Problem 4 on page 379.
- 3. Problem 8 on page 379.
- 4. Problem 13 on page 380.
- $5.\ \,$ Problem 16 on page 380.
- 6. Problem 19 on page 380.
- 7. Problem 27 on page 380.
- 8. Problem 48 on page 381.

Section 6.3

- 1. Find the length of the curve $y = \frac{1}{3}(x^2 + 2)^{3/2}$ from x = 0 to x = 3.
- 2. Find the length of the curve $x = \frac{y^3}{6} + \frac{1}{2y}$ from y = 2 to y = 3.
- 3. Find the length of the curve $x = \int_0^y \sqrt{\sec^4 t 1} \, dt$ for $-\frac{\pi}{4} \le y \le \frac{\pi}{4}$.