

MAT 280: Applied & Computational Harmonic Analysis Homework 1: due Monday, 04/26/04

Problem 1: Prove that the dilation operator:

$$\delta_s f(x) \triangleq \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} f\left(\frac{x}{s}\right), \quad s > 0,$$

is an isometry (i.e., norm-preserving) in $L^2(\mathbb{R})$.

Problem 2: Suppose $f, g \in L^1$. Prove the following Fourier transform formulas:

- (a) $\mathcal{F}\{\tau_a f\}(\xi) = e^{-2\pi i a \xi} \widehat{f}(\xi)$, where $a \in \mathbb{R}$.
- (b) $\mathcal{F}\{\delta_s f\}(\xi) = \delta_{1/s} \widehat{f}(\xi) = \sqrt{s} \widehat{f}(s\xi)$, where $s > 0$.
- (c) If $f \in C^1(\mathbb{R})$ and $f'(x) \rightarrow 0$ as $|x| \rightarrow \infty$, then $\mathcal{F}\{f'\}(\xi) = (2\pi i \xi) \widehat{f}(\xi)$.
- (d) $\mathcal{F}\{f * g\}(\xi) = \widehat{f}(\xi) \cdot \widehat{g}(\xi)$.

Problem 3: Compute the Fourier transform of the Gaussian function:

$$g(x; \sigma) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-x^2/2\sigma^2}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma > 0.$$

Problem 4: Prove that the *equality* in the Heisenberg inequality for $f \in L^2(\mathbb{R})$,

$$\Delta_{x_0} f \Delta_{\xi_0} \widehat{f} \geq \frac{1}{16\pi^2},$$

with $x_0 = \xi_0 = 0$ is satisfied if and only if $f(x) = a \exp(-x^2/2\sigma^2)$ for some constants $a, \sigma \in \mathbb{R}$.

[Hint: Recall when the equality happens for the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality.]