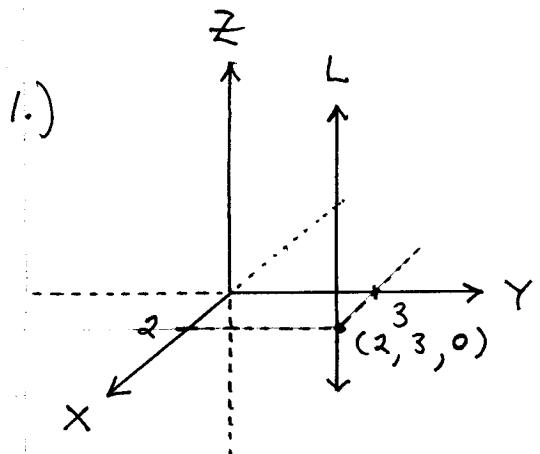
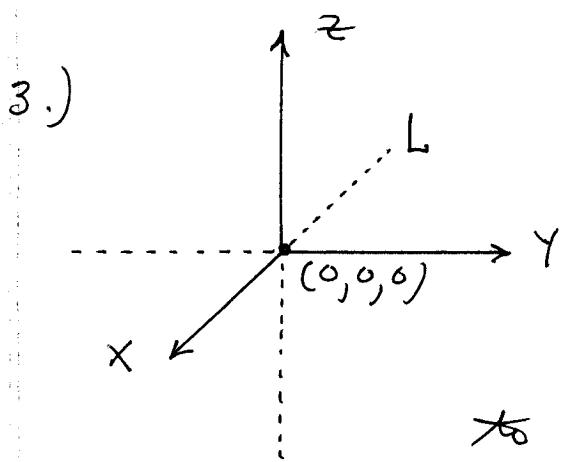


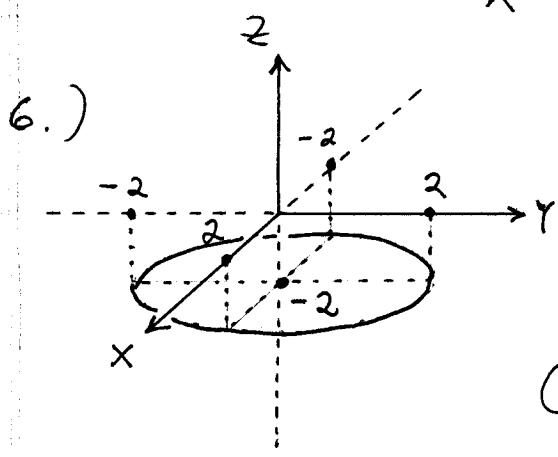
Section 12.1



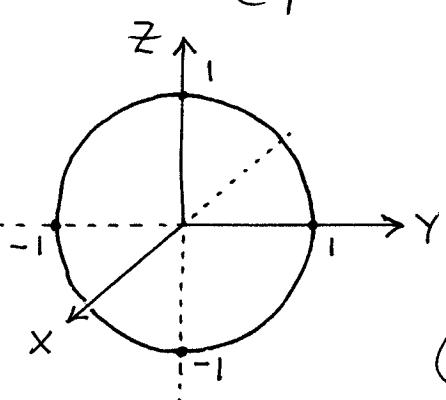
The set of points with $x=2$ and $y=3$ is the line L passing through the point $(2, 3, 0)$ and parallel to the z -axis



The set of points with $y=0$ and $z=0$ is the line L passing through the point $(0, 0, 0)$ and parallel to the x -axis (L is the x -axis)

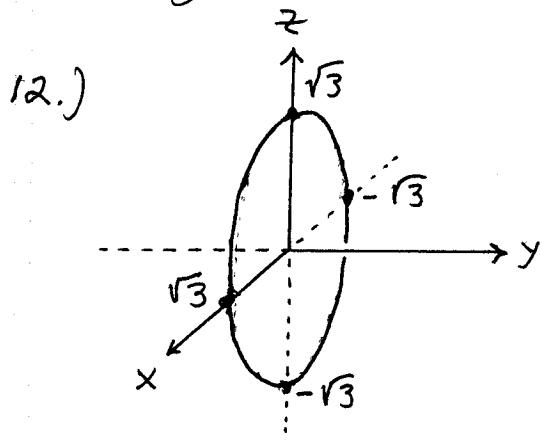


The set of points with $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $z = -2$ is the set of points on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ (center $(0, 0)$, radius 2) lying in the plane $z = -2$ (parallel to the xy -plane)



The set of points with $y^2 + z^2 = 1$ and $x = 0$ is the set of points on the circle $y^2 + z^2 = 1$ (center $(0, 0)$, radius 1)

lying in the plane $x=0$ (yz -plane)

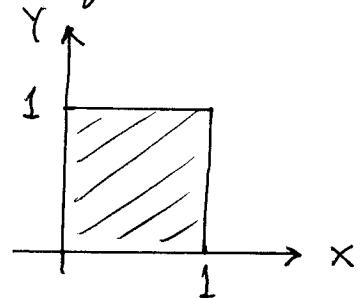


The set of points with
 $x^2 + (y-1)^2 + z^2 = 4$ and
 $y = 0 \rightarrow x^2 + (-1)^2 + z^2 = 4$
 $\rightarrow x^2 + z^2 = 3 = (\sqrt{3})^2$
 is the set of points
 lying on the circle

$x^2 + z^2 = 3$ (center $(0,0)$, radius $\sqrt{3}$)
 and in the plane $y=0$ (xz -plane)

- 13.) a.) $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z = 0$: The set of points
 in the 1st quadrant of the xy -plane
 b.) $x \geq 0, y \leq 0, z = 0$: The set of points
 in the 4th quadrant of the xy -plane

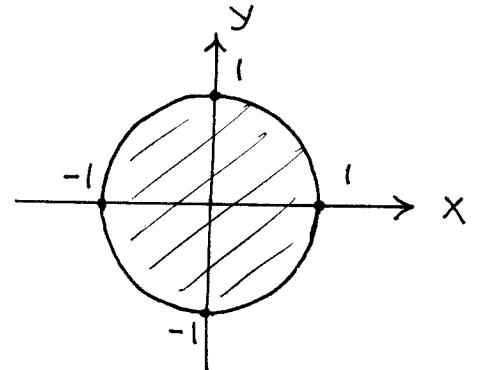
- 14.) a.) $0 \leq x \leq 1$: The set of points lying
 on and between the parallel
 planes $x=0$ (yz -plane) and $x=1$.
 b.) $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1$: The set of
 points on and inside the vertical
 (parallel to z -axis) square
 column passing
 through the given
 1 by 1 square in
 the xy -plane.



c.) $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1$: The set of points on and inside the 1 by 1 by 1 cube in the 1st octant.

16.) a.) $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, z=0$: The set of points lying on and inside the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ (center $(0,0)$, radius 1) in the plane $z=0$ (xy -plane)

c.) $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$: The set of points on and inside the vertical (parallel to z -axis) circular column passing through the given circle of radius 1



17.) b.) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1, z \geq 0$:

The set of points lying on or inside the top half of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ (center $(0,0,0)$, radius 1)

18.) a.) $x=y, z=0$: The set of points lying on the line $x=y$ in the plane $z=0$ (xy -axis)

b.) $x=y$: The set of points on the plane passing through the line $x=y$ (in the xy -plane) and parallel to the z -axis.

$$20.) \text{ a.) } x = 3 \quad \text{b.) } y = -1 \quad \text{c.) } z = 2$$

$$21.) \text{ a.) } z = 1 \quad \text{b.) } x = 3 \quad \text{c.) } y = -1$$

$$22.) \text{ a.) } x^2 + y^2 = 2^2, \quad z = 0$$
$$\text{b.) } y^2 + z^2 = 2^2, \quad x = 0$$
$$\text{c.) } x^2 + z^2 = 2^2, \quad y = 0$$

$$24.) \text{ a.) } (x+3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 1^2, \quad z = 1$$
$$\text{b.) } (y-4)^2 + (z-1)^2 = 1^2, \quad x = -3$$
$$\text{c.) } (x+3)^2 + (z-1)^2 = 1^2, \quad y = 4$$

$$25.) \text{ a.) } y = 3, \quad z = -1$$
$$\text{b.) } x = 1, \quad z = -1$$
$$\text{c.) } x = 1, \quad y = 3$$

26.) all points (x, y, z) equidistant from $(0, 0, 0)$ and $(0, 2, 0)$:

$$\sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (z-0)^2} = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-2)^2 + (z-0)^2}$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = x^2 + (y-2)^2 + z^2$$

$$\rightarrow y^2 = y^2 - 4y + 4 \rightarrow 4y = 4 \rightarrow$$

$\boxed{y=1}$ (a plane parallel to the xz -plane)

28.) all points (x, y, z) 2 units from $(0, 0, 1)$ and 2 units from $(0, 0, -1)$:

$$\sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (z-1)^2} = 2 \quad \text{and}$$

$$\sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (z+1)^2} = 2 \rightarrow$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + (z-1)^2 = 4 \quad \text{and}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + (z+1)^2 = 4 \rightarrow$$
~~$$x^2 + y^2 + (z-1)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + (z+1)^2 \rightarrow$$~~

$$z^2 - 2z + 1 = z^2 + 2z + 1 \rightarrow 4z = 0$$

$$\rightarrow z = 0 ; \text{ then}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + (0-1)^2 = 4 \rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + y^2 = 3 \quad \text{and} \quad z = 0}$$

30.) $0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 2, 0 \leq z \leq 2$

31.) $z \leq 0$

32) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad z \geq 0$

33.) a.) $(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 + (z-1)^2 < 1^2$
 b.) $(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 + (z-1)^2 > 1^2$

36.) $D = \sqrt{(2-1)^2 + (5-1)^2 + (0-5)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{9+16+25} = \sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$

37.) $D = \sqrt{(4-1)^2 + (-2-4)^2 + (7-5)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{9+36+4} = \sqrt{49} = 7$

$$41.) (x - (-2))^2 + (y - 0)^2 + (z - 2)^2 = (2\sqrt{2})^2 \\ \rightarrow \text{center } (-2, 0, 2), \text{ radius } 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$46.) (x - 0)^2 + (y - (-1))^2 + (z - 5)^2 = 2^2 \rightarrow \\ x^2 + (y + 1)^2 + (z - 5)^2 = 4$$

$$49.) x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 4x - 4z = 0 \rightarrow \\ (x^2 + 4x + \underline{\underline{4}}) + y^2 + (z^2 - 4z + \underline{\underline{4}}) = 4 + 4 \rightarrow \\ (x + 2)^2 + y^2 + (z - 2)^2 = 8 = (2\sqrt{2})^2 \rightarrow \\ \text{center } (-2, 0, 2), \text{ radius } 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$52.) 3x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 + 2y - 2z = 9 \rightarrow \\ 3x^2 + (3y^2 + 2y) + (3z^2 - 2z) = 9 \rightarrow \\ 3x^2 + 3(y^2 + \frac{2}{3}y) + 3(z^2 - \frac{2}{3}z) = 9 \rightarrow \\ x^2 + (y^2 + \frac{2}{3}y) + (z^2 - \frac{2}{3}z) = 3 \rightarrow \\ x^2 + (y^2 + \frac{2}{3}y + \frac{1}{9}) + (z^2 - \frac{2}{3}z + \frac{1}{9}) = 3 + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{9} \rightarrow \\ (x - 0)^2 + (y + \frac{1}{3})^2 + (z - \frac{1}{3})^2 = \frac{29}{9} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{29}}{3}\right)^2 \rightarrow \\ \text{center } (0, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}), \text{ radius } \frac{\sqrt{29}}{3}$$

53.) a.) Distance from (x, y, z) and point $(x, 0, 0)$ (on the x -axis) :

$$D = \sqrt{(x - x)^2 + (y - 0)^2 + (z - 0)^2} \\ = \sqrt{y^2 + z^2}$$

b.) Distance from (x, y, z) and point $(0, y, 0)$ (on the Y-axis) :

$$D = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-y)^2 + (z-0)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{x^2 + z^2}$$

c.) Distance from (x, y, z) and point $(0, 0, z)$ (on the z-axis) :

$$D = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (z-z)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

54.) a.) Distance from (x, y, z) and point $(x, y, 0)$ (on XY-plane) :

$$D = \sqrt{(x-x)^2 + (y-y)^2 + (z-0)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{z^2} = |z|$$

b.) Distance from (x, y, z) and point $(0, y, z)$ (on YZ-plane) :

$$D = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-y)^2 + (z-z)^2} = \sqrt{x^2} = |x|$$

c.) Distance from (x, y, z) and point $(x, 0, z)$ (on XZ-plane) :

$$D = \sqrt{(x-x)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (z-z)^2} = \sqrt{y^2} = |y|$$

Section 12.2

1.) a.) $3\vec{u} = 3(\overrightarrow{(3, -2)}) = \overrightarrow{(9, -6)}$

b.) $|3\vec{u}| = \sqrt{9^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{117} = 3\sqrt{13}$

4.) a.) $\vec{u} - \vec{v} = \overrightarrow{(3, -2)} - \overrightarrow{(-2, 5)} = \overrightarrow{(5, -7)}$

b.) $|\vec{u} + \vec{v}| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-7)^2} = \sqrt{74}$

6.) a.) $-2\vec{u} + 5\vec{v} = -2\overrightarrow{(3, -2)} + 5\overrightarrow{(-2, 5)}$
 $= \overrightarrow{(-6, 4)} + \overrightarrow{(-10, 25)} = \overrightarrow{(-16, 29)}$

b.) $|-2\vec{u} + 5\vec{v}| = \sqrt{(-16)^2 + (29)^2} = \sqrt{1097}$

7.) a.) $\frac{3}{5}\vec{u} + \frac{4}{5}\vec{v} = \frac{3}{5}\overrightarrow{(3, -2)} + \frac{4}{5}\overrightarrow{(-2, 5)}$
 $= \left(\frac{9}{5}, -\frac{6}{5}\right) + \left(-\frac{8}{5}, 4\right) = \left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{14}{5}\right)$

b.) $\left|\frac{3}{5}\vec{u} + \frac{4}{5}\vec{v}\right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{14}{5}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{197}{25}} = \frac{\sqrt{197}}{5}$

9.) $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \overrightarrow{(2-1, -1-3)} = \overrightarrow{(1, -4)}$

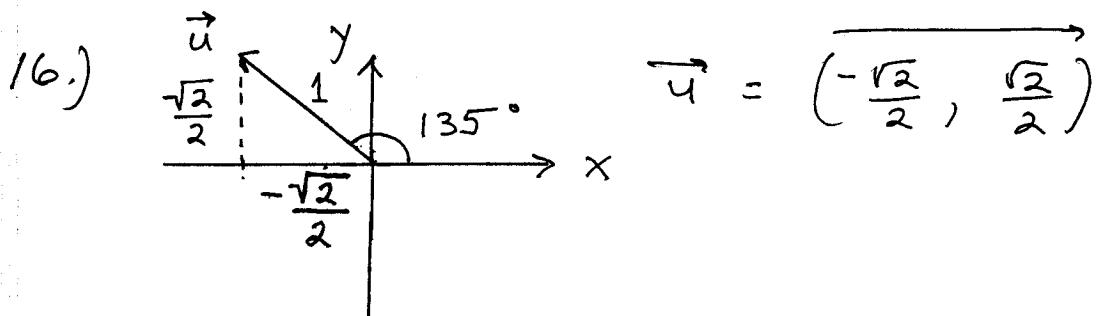
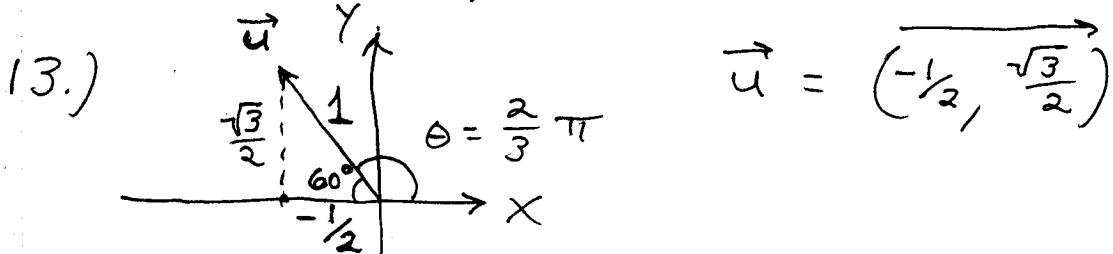
10.) $O = (0, 0), P = \left(\frac{2+(-4)}{2}, \frac{-1+(3)}{2}\right) = (-1, 1), \text{ so}$
 $\overrightarrow{OP} = \overrightarrow{(-1-0, 1-0)} = \overrightarrow{(-1, 1)}$

11.) $A = (2, 3), O = (0, 0), \text{ so}$
 $\overrightarrow{AO} = \overrightarrow{(0-2, 0-3)} = \overrightarrow{(-2, -3)}$

$$12.) \overrightarrow{AB} = \overrightarrow{(2-1, 0-(-1))} = \overrightarrow{(1, 1)},$$

$$\overrightarrow{CD} = \overrightarrow{(-2-(-1), 2-3)} = \overrightarrow{(-1, -1)}, \text{ so}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{CD} = \overrightarrow{(0, 0)}$$



$$18.) \overrightarrow{P_1 P_2} = \overrightarrow{(-3-1, 0-2, 5-0)} = \overrightarrow{(-4, -2, 5)}$$

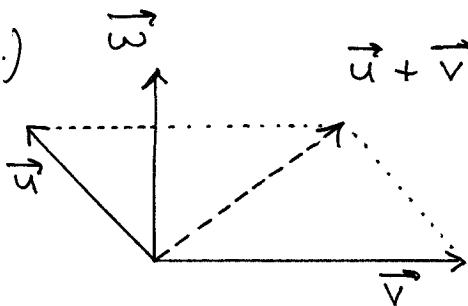
$$= -4\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 5\vec{k}$$

$$21.) 5\vec{u} - \vec{v} = 5\overrightarrow{(1, 1, -1)} - \overrightarrow{(2, 0, 3)}$$

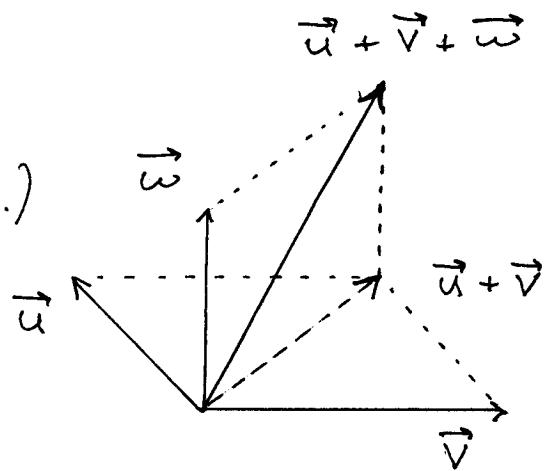
$$= \overrightarrow{(5, 5, -5)} - \overrightarrow{(2, 0, 3)} = \overrightarrow{(3, 5, -8)}$$

$$= 3\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} - 8\vec{k}$$

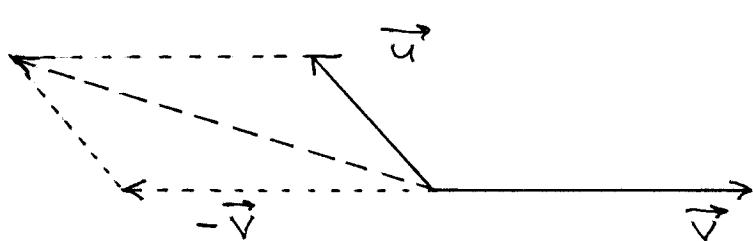
23.) a.)



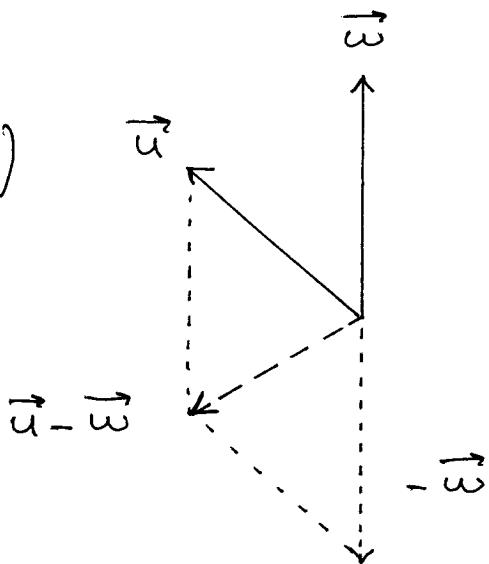
b.)



c.)



d.)



$$25.) |\vec{2i} + \vec{j} - \vec{2k}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 1^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{9} = 3, \text{ so}$$

$$\vec{2i} + \vec{j} - \vec{2k} = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} (\vec{2i} + \vec{j} - \vec{2k})$$

$$= 3 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \vec{i} + \frac{1}{3} \vec{j} - \frac{2}{3} \vec{k} \right)$$

$$28.) \left| \frac{3}{5} \vec{i} + \frac{4}{5} \vec{k} \right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{25}} = 1, \text{ so}$$

$$\frac{3}{5}\vec{i} + \frac{4}{5}\vec{k} = 1 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\vec{i} + \frac{4}{5}\vec{k}\right)$$

$$29.) \quad \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{j} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{k} \right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \text{ so}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{j} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{k} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{j} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{k} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{i} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{j} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}}\vec{k} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\vec{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\vec{j} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\vec{k} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$31.) \quad a.) \quad \vec{\omega} = 2 \cdot \vec{i}$$

$$b.) \quad \vec{\omega} = \sqrt{3} \cdot -\vec{k} = -\sqrt{3} \cdot \vec{k}$$

$$c.) \quad \vec{\omega} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\vec{j} + \frac{4}{5}\vec{k} \right) = \frac{3}{10}\vec{j} + \frac{4}{10}\vec{k}$$

$$d.) \quad \vec{\omega} = 7 \cdot \left(\frac{6}{7}\vec{i} - \frac{2}{7}\vec{j} + \frac{3}{7}\vec{k} \right) = 6\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$$

$$33.) \quad \vec{v} = 12\vec{i} - 5\vec{k} \rightarrow |\vec{v}| = \sqrt{12^2 + (-5)^2} = 13$$

so direction is $\vec{u} = \frac{1}{13}\vec{v} = \frac{12}{13}\vec{i} - \frac{5}{13}\vec{k}$,
so vector in same direction
of magnitude 7 is

$$\vec{\omega} = 7\vec{u} = \frac{84}{13}\vec{i} - \frac{35}{13}\vec{k}$$

$$35.) \quad a.) \quad \overrightarrow{P_1 P_2} = \overrightarrow{(2 - (-1), 5 - 1, 0 - 5)}$$

$$= \overrightarrow{(3, 4, -5)} \rightarrow |(3, 4, -5)| = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2 + (-5)^2}$$

$$= -\sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}, \text{ so direction is } \vec{u} = \frac{1}{5\sqrt{2}} (3, 4, -5) = \left(\frac{3}{5\sqrt{2}}, \frac{4}{5\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

b.) midpoint: $\left(\frac{2-1}{2}, \frac{5+1}{2}, \frac{0+5}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, \frac{5}{2} \right)$

38.) a.) $\overrightarrow{P_1 P_2} = \overrightarrow{(2, -2, -2)} \rightarrow$

$$\left| \overrightarrow{(2, -2, -2)} \right| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-2)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3},$$

so direction is

$$\vec{u} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \overrightarrow{(2, -2, -2)} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

b.) midpoint: $\left(\frac{0+2}{2}, \frac{0-2}{2}, \frac{0-3}{2} \right) = (1, -1, -1)$

40.) $\overrightarrow{AB} = -7\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 8\vec{k}$, $A = (-2, -3, 6)$,

$$B = (a, b, c), \text{ so}$$

$$(a - (-2), b - (-3), c - 6) = (a + 2, b + 3, c - 6) = (-7, 3, 8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow a + 2 &= -7 & \rightarrow a &= -9 \\ \rightarrow b + 3 &= 3 & \rightarrow b &= 0 \\ \rightarrow c - 6 &= 8 & \rightarrow c &= 14 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{ so}$$

$$B = -9\vec{i} + 0\vec{j} + 14\vec{k} = -9\vec{i} + 14\vec{k}$$

41.) $\vec{u} = 2\vec{i} + \vec{j}$, $\vec{v} = \vec{i} + \vec{j}$, and
 $\vec{\omega} = \vec{i} - \vec{j}$; we want

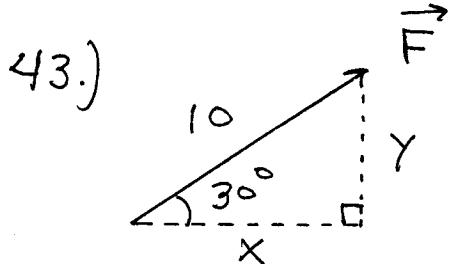
$$\vec{u} = a\vec{v} + b\vec{\omega} \rightarrow$$

$$(2, 1) = a(1, 1) + b(1, -1) \rightarrow$$

$$\overrightarrow{(2,1)} = (\overrightarrow{a+b}, \overrightarrow{a-b}) \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a+b = 2 \\ a-b = 1 \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \quad 2a = 3 \rightarrow a = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} + b = 2 \rightarrow b = 2 - \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow b = \frac{1}{2}$$

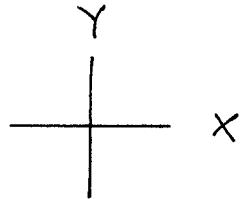
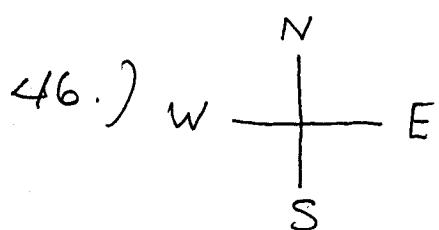


$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{x}{10} \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{x}{10} \rightarrow x = 5\sqrt{3};$$

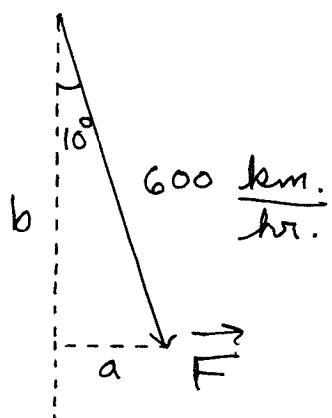
$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{y}{10} \rightarrow y = 10 \sin 30^\circ = 10 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 5;$$

$$\vec{F} = 5\sqrt{3} \vec{i} + 5 \vec{j}$$



$$\cos 10^\circ = \frac{b}{600} \rightarrow b = 600 \cos 10^\circ;$$

$$\sin 10^\circ = \frac{a}{600} \rightarrow a = 600 \sin 10^\circ;$$



$$\vec{F} = 600 \sin 10^\circ \cdot \vec{i} - 600 \cos 10^\circ \cdot \vec{j}$$