

Section 8.6

4.) $\int_{-2}^0 (x^2 - 1) dx$, $f(x) = x^2 - 1$, $n = 4$,

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} -2 & & -3/2 & & -1 & & -1/2 & & 0 \\ | & & | & & | & & | & & | \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ x_0 & & x_1 & & x_2 & & x_3 & & x_4 \end{array}$$
 $h = \frac{0 - (-2)}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

I.)
 a.) $T_4 = \frac{0 - (-2)}{4(2)} [f(x_0) + 2f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + 2f(x_3) + f(x_4)]$
 $= \frac{1}{4} [(3) + 2(\frac{5}{4}) + 2(0) + 2(-\frac{3}{4}) + (-1)]$
 $= \frac{1}{4} [\frac{6}{2} + \frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{2}] = \frac{1}{4} [\frac{6}{2}] = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right);$

$f''(x) = 2$ so $\max_{-2 \leq x \leq 0} |f''(x)| = \max_{-2 \leq x \leq 0} |2| = 2,$

then $|E_T| \leq (0 - (-2)) \cdot \frac{(\frac{1}{2})^2}{12} \{2\} = \left(\frac{1}{12}\right)$

b.) $\int_{-2}^0 (x^2 - 1) dx = \left(\frac{x^3}{3} - x\right) \Big|_{-2}^0$
 $= 0 - \left(-\frac{8}{3} + 2\right) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right);$

$|E_T| = |E_{\text{exact}} - T_4| = \left|\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{4}\right| = \left(\frac{1}{12}\right)$

II.)
 a.) $S_4 = \frac{1}{3} [f(x_0) + 4f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + 4f(x_3) + f(x_4)]$
 $= \frac{1}{6} [(3) + 4(\frac{5}{4}) + 2(0) + 4(-\frac{3}{4}) + (-1)] = \frac{4}{6} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right);$

$f'''(x) = 2 \rightarrow f^{(4)}(x) = 0$ so $\max_{-2 \leq x \leq 0} |f^{(4)}(x)| = 0;$

then $|E_S| \leq (0 - (-2)) \frac{(\frac{1}{2})^4}{180} \{0\} = 0$

b.) $|E_S| = |E_{\text{exact}} - S_4| = \left|\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3}\right| = 0$

7.) $\int_1^2 \frac{1}{s^2} ds$, $f(s) = \frac{1}{s^2}$, $n = 4$,
 $\begin{array}{c} 1 \qquad 5/4 \qquad 3/2 \qquad 7/4 \qquad 2 \\ | \qquad | \qquad | \qquad | \qquad | \\ x_0 \quad x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad x_4 \end{array}$ $h = \frac{2-1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$

I.)

a.) $T_4 = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{2} [f(x_0) + 2f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + 2f(x_3) + f(x_4)]$
 $= \frac{1}{8} [(1) + 2(\frac{16}{25}) + 2(\frac{4}{9}) + 2(\frac{16}{49}) + (\frac{1}{4})] \approx \textcircled{0.509}$;

$f'(s) = -\frac{2}{s^3} \rightarrow f''(s) = \frac{6}{s^4}$ so

$\max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} |f''(s)| = \max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} \left| \frac{6}{s^4} \right| = \frac{6}{1^4} = 6$, then

$|E_T| \leq (2-1) \cdot \frac{(\frac{1}{4})^2}{12} \cdot \{6\} = \textcircled{\frac{1}{32}}$

b.) $\int_1^2 \frac{1}{s^2} ds = -\frac{1}{s} \Big|_1^2 = -\frac{1}{2} - (-1) = \textcircled{\frac{1}{2}}$;

$|E_T| = |E_{\text{exact}} - T_4| = \left| \frac{1}{2} - 0.509 \right| \approx \textcircled{0.009}$

II.)

a.) $S_4 = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{3} [f(x_0) + 4f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + 4f(x_3) + f(x_4)]$
 $= \frac{1}{12} [(1) + 4(\frac{16}{25}) + 2(\frac{4}{9}) + 4(\frac{16}{49}) + (\frac{1}{4})] \approx \textcircled{0.5004}$;

$f'''(s) = -\frac{24}{s^5} \rightarrow f^{(4)}(s) = \frac{120}{s^6}$ so

$\max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} |f^{(4)}(s)| = \max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} \left| \frac{120}{s^6} \right| = \frac{120}{1^6} = 120$,

then $|E_S| \leq (2-1) \cdot \frac{(\frac{1}{4})^4}{180} \cdot \{120\} = \textcircled{\frac{1}{24}}$.

b.) $|E_S| = |E_{\text{exact}} - S_4| \approx \textcircled{0.0004}$.

$$15.) \int_0^2 (t^3 + t) dt, \quad f(t) = t^3 + t \xrightarrow{D} f'(t) = 3t^2 + 1 \xrightarrow{D} f''(t) = 6t \xrightarrow{D} f'''(t) = 6 \xrightarrow{D} f^{(4)}(t) = 0$$

$$a.) \max_{0 \leq t \leq 2} |f''(t)| = \max_{0 \leq t \leq 2} |6t| = 12, \text{ then}$$

$$|E_T| \leq (2-0) \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{2-0}{n}\right)^2}{12} \{12\}$$

$$= \frac{8}{n^2} \leq 0.0001 \rightarrow n^2 \geq \frac{8}{0.0001} \rightarrow$$

$$n \geq \sqrt{\frac{8}{0.0001}} \approx 282.8 \text{ so choose } \boxed{n=283}$$

$$b.) \max_{0 \leq t \leq 2} |f^{(4)}(t)| = \max_{0 \leq t \leq 2} |0| = 0, \text{ then}$$

$$|E_S| \leq (2-0) \frac{\left(\frac{2-0}{n}\right)^4}{180} \cdot \{0\} = 0 \text{ for}$$

$$\text{any } n \text{ so choose } \boxed{n=2}$$

$$17.) \int_1^2 \frac{1}{s^2} ds, \quad f(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} \xrightarrow{D} f'(s) = \frac{-2}{s^3} \xrightarrow{D} f''(s) = \frac{6}{s^4} \xrightarrow{D} f'''(s) = \frac{-24}{s^5} \xrightarrow{D} f^{(4)}(s) = \frac{120}{s^6}$$

$$a.) \max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} |f''(s)| = \max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} \left| \frac{6}{s^4} \right| = \frac{6}{1^4} = 6, \text{ then}$$

$$|E_T| \leq (2-1) \frac{\left(\frac{2-1}{n}\right)^2}{12} \cdot \{6\} = \frac{1}{2n^2} \leq 0.0001 \rightarrow$$

$$n^2 \geq \frac{1}{0.0002} \rightarrow n \geq \sqrt{\frac{1}{0.0002}} \approx 70.7 \text{ so}$$

choose $n = 71$

$$b.) \max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} |f^{(4)}(s)| = \max_{1 \leq s \leq 2} \left| \frac{120}{s^6} \right| = \frac{120}{1^6} = 120,$$

$$\text{so } |E_5| \leq (2-1) \frac{\left(\frac{2-1}{n}\right)^4}{180} \cdot \{120\} = \frac{2}{3n^4} \leq 0.0001$$

$$\rightarrow n^4 \geq \frac{2}{0.0003} \rightarrow n \geq \left(\frac{2}{0.0003}\right)^{1/4} \approx 9.03$$

so choose $n = 10$

$$20.) \int_0^3 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx, \quad f(x) = (x+1)^{1/2} \xrightarrow{D}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+1)^{-1/2} \xrightarrow{D} f''(x) = -\frac{1}{4}(x+1)^{-3/2} \xrightarrow{D}$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{3}{8}(x+1)^{-5/2} \xrightarrow{D} f^{(4)}(x) = -\frac{15}{16}(x+1)^{-5/2}$$

$$a.) \max_{0 \leq x \leq 3} |f''(x)| = \max_{0 \leq x \leq 3} \frac{1}{4(x+1)^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4(0+1)^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{4}, \text{ so}$$

$$|E_T| \leq (3-0) \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{3-0}{n}\right)^2}{12} \cdot \left\{\frac{1}{4}\right\} = \frac{9}{16n^2} \leq 0.0001 \rightarrow$$

$$n^2 \geq \frac{9}{0.0016} \rightarrow n \geq \sqrt{\frac{9}{0.0016}} = \boxed{75}$$

$$b.) \max_{0 \leq x \leq 3} |f^{(4)}(x)| = \max_{0 \leq x \leq 3} \frac{15}{16(x+1)^{5/2}}$$

$$= \frac{15}{16(0+1)^{5/2}} = \frac{15}{16}, \text{ so}$$

$$|E_5| \leq (3-0) \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{3-0}{n}\right)^4}{180} \cdot \left\{ \frac{15}{16} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{3^5 \cdot 15}{180 \cdot 16} \cdot \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{405}{320 n^4} = \frac{81}{64 n^4} \leq 0.0001 \rightarrow$$

$$n^4 \geq \frac{81}{64(0.0001)} \rightarrow n^4 \geq \frac{81}{0.0064} \rightarrow$$

$$n \geq \left(\frac{81}{0.0064} \right)^{1/4} \approx 10.6 \text{ so choose } \boxed{n=12}$$

26.) $\begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & 24 & 48 & 72 & 96 & 120 & 144 & 168 \\ | & | & | & | & | & | & | & | \\ \hline \end{array}$ hrs.
 $h=24, n=7$

$$T_7 = \frac{24}{2} \left[f(0) + 2f(24) + 2f(48) + 2f(72) + 2f(96) \right. \\ \left. + 2f(120) + 2f(144) + f(168) \right]$$

$$= 12 \left[(0.019) + 2(0.02) + 2(0.021) + 2(0.023) \right. \\ \left. + 2(0.025) + 2(0.028) + 2(0.031) + (0.035) \right]$$

$$= 4.2 \text{ l.}$$

$$32.) \quad L = \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 x} \, dx, \quad f(x) = \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 x},$$

$$n = 8, \quad h = \frac{\pi - 0}{8} = \frac{\pi}{8}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccc} 0 & \frac{\pi}{8} & \frac{\pi}{4} & \frac{3\pi}{8} & \frac{\pi}{2} & \frac{5\pi}{8} & \frac{3\pi}{4} & \frac{7\pi}{8} & \pi \end{array}$$

$$S_8 = \frac{\frac{\pi}{8}}{3} \left[f(0) + 4f\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) + 2f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 4f\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right) \right. \\ \left. + 2f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 4f\left(\frac{5\pi}{8}\right) + 2f\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \right. \\ \left. + 4f\left(\frac{7\pi}{8}\right) + f(\pi) \right]$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{24} \left[\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8}} + 2\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{4}} + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{3\pi}{8}} \right. \\ \left. + 2\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{2}} + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{5\pi}{8}} + 2\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{3\pi}{4}} \right. \\ \left. + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{7\pi}{8}} + \sqrt{2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{24} \left[\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{3\pi}{8}} \right. \\ \left. + 2 + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{5\pi}{8}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} + 4\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \frac{7\pi}{8}} + \sqrt{2} \right]$$

$$\approx 3.4996$$