

- 1) Prove that $1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 4 + \cdots + n \cdot (n+1) = n(n+1)(n+2)/3$ for all n in \mathbb{N} .
- 2) Prove that $(1+x)^n \geq 1+nx$ for every n in \mathbb{N} if $x > -1$. (*Bernoulli's inequality*)
- 3) Let m be in \mathbb{Z} . Prove that if m^3 is even, then m is even.
- 4) Prove that if x is an irrational number and r is a rational number, then $x+r$ is irrational.
- 5) Give a proof by contradiction that $\sqrt{5}$ is irrational.
- 6) Prove that if a , b , and c are integers with $a^2+b^2=c^2$, then a or b is even.
- 7) Use the Well-Ordering Principle to show that every integer $n > 1$ has a prime factor.
- 8) Prove the following statement, or else show that it is false by giving a counterexample:
If a and b are integers such that ab is divisible by 6, then a or b is divisible by 6.
- 9) Give a proof by contradiction that $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt[3]{5}$ is irrational.